# 128K x 32Bit x 2 Banks Synchronous Graphic RAM

## FEATURES

- JEDEC standard 3.3V power supply
- <sup>10</sup> LVTTL compatible with multiplexed address
- Dual bank / Pulse RAS
- MRS cycle with address key programs
  - -. CAS Latency (2, 3)
  - -. Burst Length (1, 2, 4, 8 & full page)
  - -. Burst Type (Sequential & Interleave)
- All inputs are sampled at the positive going edge of the system clock
- Burst Read Single-bit Write operation
- DQM 0-3 for byte masking
- Auto & self refresh
- 16ms refresh period (1K cycle)
- . 100 Pin QFP

## Graphics Features

- SMRS cycle.
  - -. Load mask register
  - -. Load color register
- Write Per Bit(Old Mask)
- Block Write(8 Columns)

# FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

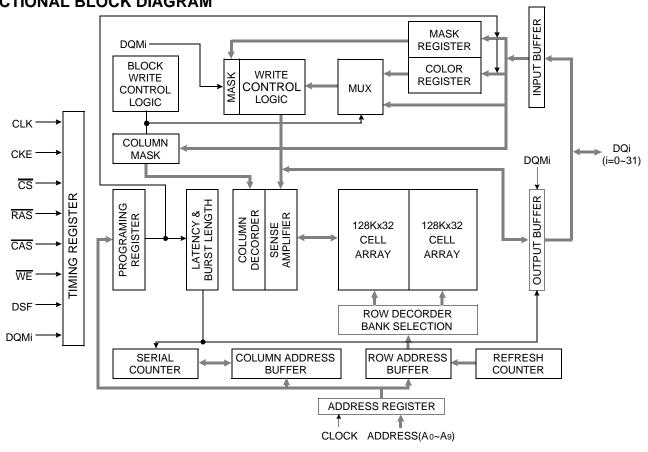
## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The KM4132G271A is 8,388,608 bits synchronous high data rate Dynamic RAM organized as 2 x 131,072 words by 32 bits, fabricated with SAMSUNG's high performance CMOS technology. Synchronous design allows precise cycle control with the use of system clock. I/O transactions are possible on every clock cycle. Range of operating frequencies, programmable burst length, and programmable latencies allows the same device to be useful for a variety of high bandwidth, high performance memory system applications.

Write per bit and 8 columns block write improves performance in graphics systems.

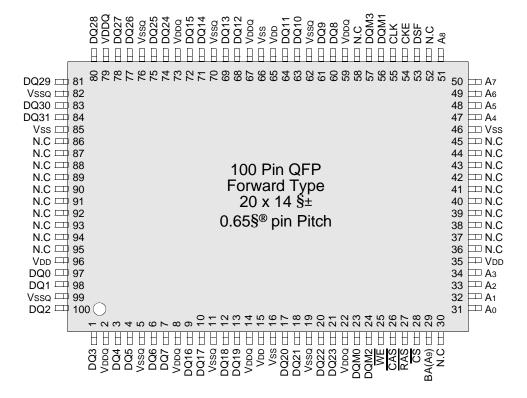
# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part NO.	Cycle time	Clock f	Access time@CL=3
KM4132G271A-8	8ns	125MHz	7.0ns
KM4132G271A-10	10ns	100MHz	7.0ns
KM4132G271A-12	12ns	83MHz	9.0ns

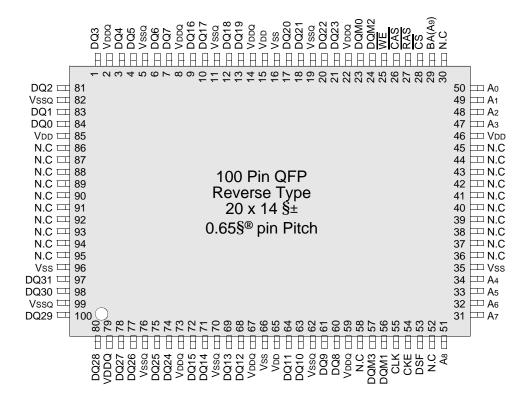


## PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)

#### Forward Type



#### **Reverse Type**





## PIN CONFIGURATION DESCRIPTION

PIN	NAME	INPUT FUNCTION
CLK	System Clock	Active on the positive going edge to sample all inputs.
CS	Chip Select	Disables or enables device operation by masking or enabling all inputs except CLK, CKE and DQMi
CKE	Clock Enable	Masks system clock to freeze operation from the next clock cycle. CKE should be enabled at least one clock +tss prior to new command. Disable input buffers for power down in standby.
A0 ~ A8	Address	Row / Column addresses are multiplexed on the same pins. Row address : RA0 ~ RA8, Column address : CA0 ~ CA7
A9(BA)	Bank Select Address	Selects bank to be activated during row address latch time. Selects bank for read/write during column address latch time.
RAS	Row Address Strobe	Latches row addresses on the positive going edge of the CLK with $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ low. Enables row access & precharge.
CAS	Column Address Strobe	Latches column addresses on the positive going edge of the CLK with $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ low. Enables column access.
WE	Write Enable	Enables write operation and Row precharge.
DQMi	Data Input/Output Mask	Makes data output Hi-Z, tsHz after the clock and masks the output. Blocks data input when DQM active.(Byte Masking)
DQi	Data Input/Output	Data inputs/outputs are multiplexed on the same pins.
DSF	Define Special Function	Enables write per bit, block write and special mode register set.
VDD/VSS	Power Supply/Ground	
Vddq/Vssq	Data Output Power/Ground	



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(Voltage referenced to Vss)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to Vss	Vin, Vout	-1.0 ~ 4.6	V
Voltage on VDD supply relative to Vss	Vdd, Vddq	-1.0 ~ 4.6	V
Storage temperature	Тѕтс	-55 ~ +150	įÉ
Power dissipation	Po	1	W
Short circuit current	los	50	mA

**Note :** Permanent device damage may occur if "ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS" are exceeded.

Functional operation should be restricted to recommended operating condition.

Exposure to higher than recommended voltage for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

# **DC OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Recommended operating conditions (Voltage referenced to Vss = 0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	Vdd, Vddq	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Input high voltage	Vін	2.0	3.0	VDD+0.3	V	
Input low voltage	VIL	-0.3	0	0.8	V	Note 1
Output high voltage	Voн	2.4	-	-	V	Іон = -2mA
Output low voltage	Vol	-	-	0.4	V	IOL = 2mA
Input leakage current	lı∟	-5	-	5	§Ë	Note 2
Output leakage current	IOL	-5	-	5	§Ë	Note 3
Output Loading Condition	ľ		See	e figure 1		

**Note :** 1. VIL (min) = -1.5V AC(pulse width  $\hat{A}$  5ns).

2. Any input 0V  $\hat{A}$  VIN  $\hat{A}$  VDD + 0.3V, all other pins are not under test = 0V.

3. Dout is disabled, 0V i VOUT i VDD.

## **CAPACITANCE** (VDD/VDDQ = 3.3V, TA = $25i\acute{E}$ , f = 1MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input capacitance (A0 ~ A9)	CIN1	-	4	pF
Input capacitance (CLK, CKE, CS, RAS, CAS, WE, DSF & DQM)	CIN2	-	4	pF
Data input/output capacitance (DQ0 ~ DQ31)	Соит	-	5	pF

## DECOUPLING CAPACITANCE GUIDE LINE

Recommended decoupling capacitance added to power line at board.

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Decoupling Capacitance between VDD and VSS	CDC1	0.1 + 0.01	uF
Decoupling Capacitance between VDDQ and VSSQ	CDC2	0.1 + 0.01	uF

**Note :** 1. VDD and VDDQ pins are separated each other.

All VDD pins are connected in chip. All VDDQ pins are connected in chip.

2. Vss and Vssq pins are separated each other

All Vss pins are connected in chip. All Vssq pins are connected in chip.



## DC CHARACTERISTICS

(Recommended operating condition unless otherwise noted, TA = 0 to 70 j É VIH(min)/VIL(max)=2.0V/0.8V)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	CAS		Speed		Unit	Note
Falameter	Symbol		Latency	-8	-10	-12	Unit	Note
Operating Current	ICC1	Burst Length =1	3	180	160	140	mA	1
(One Bank Active)	1001	tRC;ĂtRC(min), tCC;ĂtCC(min) IOL = 0 mA	2	160	140	120	mA	1
Precharge Standby Cur-	ICC2P	CKE;ÂVIL(max), tCC = 15ns		2	2	2	mA	
rent in power-down mode	ICC2PS	CKE;ÂVIL(max), CLK;ÂVIL(max), tcc	= ;Ä	2	2	2	IIIA	
Precharge Standby Current	ICC2N	CKE ; $\tilde{A}VIH(min)$ , $\overline{CS}$ ; $\tilde{A}VIH(min)$ , tcc = Input signals are changed one time d		45	45	45		
in non power-down mode	ICC2NS	CKE ¡ÃVıн(min), CLK ¡ÂVı∟(max), tcc a Input signals are stable	20	20	20	mA		
Active Standby Current	ІссзР	CKE;ÂVIL(max), tcc = 15ns		4	4	4	mA	
in power-down mode	ICC3PS	CKE;ÂVIL(max), CLK;ÂVIL(max), tcc	3.5	3.5	3.5	117.		
Active Standby Current in non power-down mode	ICC3N	CKE; $\tilde{A}VIH(min)$ , $\overline{CS}$ ; $\tilde{A}VIH(min)$ , tcc = 15ns Input signals are changed one time during 30ns			55	55	mA	
(One Bank Active)	ICC3NS	CKE ¡ÃVɪн(min), CLK ¡ÂVɪL(max), tcc ։ Input signals are stable	35	35	35			
Operating Current	ICC4	IoL = 0 mA, Page Burst	3	200	180	160	mA	1, 2
(Burst Mode)	1004	All bank Activated, tCCD = tCCD(min)	2	180	160	140	IIIA	1, 2
Refresh Current	ICC5	tRC;ÃtRC(min)	3	140	120	100	mA	3
Reliesh Guilent	1005		2	130	110	90	IIIA	5
Self Refresh Current	ICC6	CKE¡Â0.2V	CKE¡Â0.2V				mA	
Operating Current (One Bank Block Write)	ICC7	tcc¡Ãtcc(min), lo∟=0mA, tвwc(min)		170	150	130	mA	4

Note: 1. Measured with outputs open.

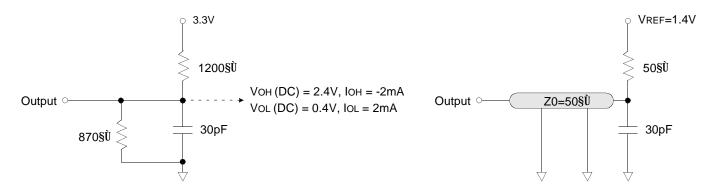
2. Assumes minimum column address update cycle tCCD(min).

- 3. Refresh period is 16ms.
- 4. Assumes minimum column address update cycle tBWC(min).



## AC OPERATING TEST CONDITIONS (VDD = 3.3V; 30.3V, TA = 0 to 70; É)

Parameter	Value
AC input levels	VIH/VIL = 2.4V / 0.4V
Input timing measurement reference level	1.4V
Input rise and fall time(See note 3)	tR/tF=1ns/ 1ns
Output timing measurement reference level	1.4V
Output load condition	See Fig. 2



(Fig. 1) DC Output Load Circuit

(Fig. 2) AC Output Load Circuit

Param	otor	Symbol	-	8	-1	0	-1	2	Unit	Note
Falali	ietei	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Onic	NOLE
CLK cycle time	CAS Latency=3	tcc	8	1000	10	1000	12	1000	ns	1
	CAS Latency=2	100	12	1000	13	1000	15	1000	115	I
CLK to valid	CAS Latency=3	tSAC	-	7	-	7	-	9	ns	1, 2
output delay	CAS Latency=2	ISAC	-	10	-	11	-	12	115	1, 2
Output data	CAS Latency=3	toн	3		3		3		ns	2
hold time	CAS Latency=2	IOH	3		3		3		ns	
CLK high pulse widt	h	tCH	3		3.5		4		ns	3
CLK low pulse width	I	tCL	3		3.5		4		ns	3
Input setup time		tss	2.5		3		3		ns	3
Input hold time	Input hold time		1		1		1.5		ns	3
CLK to output in Low-Z		tslz	1		1		1		ns	2
CLK to output	CAS latency=3	tsHz	-	7	-	7	-	9	ne	
in Hi-Z	CAS latency=2	IONZ	-	10	-	11	-	12	ns	

#### AC CHARACTERISTICS (AC operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

\* All AC parameters are measured from half to half.

**Note :** 1. Parameters depend on programmed CAS latency.

- 2. If clock rising time is longer than 1ns, (tr/2-0.5)ns should be added to the parameter.
- 3. Assumed input rise and fall time (tr & tf)=1ns.
  - If tr & tf is longer than 1ns, transient time compensation should be considered,

i.e., [(tr + tf)/2-1]ns should be added to the parameter.



## **OPERATING AC PARAMETER**

(AC operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

Parameter		Symbol –		Version		Unit	Note	
Faidilielei		Symbol	-8 -10		-12		Note	
Row active to row active delay		tRRD(min)	16	20	24	ns	1	
RAS to CAS delay		tRCD(min)	16	20	24	ns	1	
Row precharge time		tRP(min)	24	26	30	ns	1	
Row active time		tRAS(min)	48	50	60	ns	1	
Row active time		tRAS(max)		100	us			
Row cycle time		tRC(min)	80	80	90	ns	1	
Last data in to new col. address delay		tCDL(min)		1	CLK	2		
Last data in to row precharge		tRDL(min)		1	CLK	2		
Block write data-in to PRE com	mand delay	tBPL(min)	16	20	24	ns		
Block write data-in to Active(RE command period(Auto precharge	,	tBAL(min)	40	46	54	ns		
Last data in to burst stop		tBDL(min)		1		CLK	2	
Col. address to col. address de	lay	tCCD(min)		1		CLK	3	
Block write cycle time		tBWC(min)	16	20	24	ns	1, 4	
Number of valid output date	CAS La	atency=3		2		CLK	5	
Number of valid output data	CAS La	atency=2		1			5	

**Note :** 1. The minimum number of clock cycles is determined by dividing the minimum time required with clock cycle time and then rounding off to the next higher integer.

- 2. Minimum delay is required to complete write.
- 3. All parts allow every cycle column address change except block write cycle.
- 4. This parameter means minimum  $\overline{CAS}$  to  $\overline{CAS}$  delay at block write cycle only.
- 5. In case of row precharge interrupt, auto precharge and read burst stop.



## FREQUENCY vs. AC PARAMETER RELATIONSHIP TABLE

#### KM4132G271A-8

(Unit : number of clock)

Frequency	CAS	tRC	tRAS	tRP	tRRD	tRCD	tCCD	tCDL	tRDL	tвwc
Trequency	Latency	80ns	48ns	24ns	16ns	16ns	8ns	8ns	8ns	16ns
125MHz (8.0ns)	3	10	6	3	2	2	1	1	1	2
100MHz (10.0ns)	3	8	5	3	2	2	1	1	1	2
83MHz (12.0ns)	2	7	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	2
75MHz (13.4ns)	2	6	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	2
66MHz (15.0ns)	2	6	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	2
50MHz(20ns)	2	4	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1

#### KM4132G271A-10

(Unit : number of clock)

Frequency	CAS	tRC	tRAS	tRP	tRRD	tRCD	tCCD	tCDL	tRDL	tBWC
Frequency	Latency	80ns	50ns	26ns	20ns	20ns	10ns	10ns	10ns	20ns
100MHz (10.0ns)	3	8	5	3	2	2	1	1	1	2
83MHz (12.0ns)	3	7	5	3	2	2	1	1	1	2
71MHz (14.0ns)	2	6	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	2
66MHz (15.0ns)	2	6	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	2
50MHz (20.0ns)	2	4	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
40MHz(25ns)	2	4	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1

#### KM4132G271A-12

(Unit : number of clock)

Frequency	CAS	tRC	tRAS	tRP	tRRD	tRCD	tCCD	tCDL	tRDL	tBWC
Frequency	Latency	90ns	60ns	30ns	24ns	24ns	12ns	12ns	12ns	24ns
83MHz (12.0ns)	3	8	5	3	2	2	1	1	1	2
66MHz (15.0ns)	2	6	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	2
55MHz (18.2ns)	2	5	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	2
50MHz (20.0ns)	2	5	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	2
40MHz (25.0ns)	2	4	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
33MHz(30.0ns)	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



## SIMPLIFIED TRUTH TABLE

C	COMMAND		CKEn-1	CKEn	CS	RAS	CAS	WE	DSF	DQM	<b>A</b> 9	<b>A</b> 8	A7~ A0	Note				
Register	Mode Registe	er Set	Н	х		L			L	х			ODE	1, 2				
	Special Mode	e Register Set	п	^	L	L	L	L	Н			OPC	ODE	1,2,7				
Refresh	Auto Refresh			Н		L				v		,	/	3				
		Entry	Н	L			L	Н	L	Х		)		3				
	Self Refresh	Evit		н	L	Н	Н	Н	х	х		,	/	3				
		Exit	L		Н	Х	Х	Х	^	^	Х			3				
Bank Active	Write Per Bit	Disable	Н	x			н	н	L	х	V	Day	/ Address	4, 5				
& Row Addr.	Write Per Bit	н	~	L	L	п	п	Н		V	ROW	/ Address	4,5,9					
Read &	Auto Prechar	ge Disable	н	v						v	V	L	Column	4				
Column Address	Auto Prechar	Auto Precharge Enable		Х	L	Н	L	Н	L	Х	V	H Address		4, 6				
Write &	Auto Prechar	ge Disable		х		н				х	V	L	Column	4, 5				
Column Address	Auto Precharge Enable		Н	^	L		L	L	L	^	v	Н	Address	4,5,6,9				
Block Write &	Auto Precharge Disable		Н	х	L		L	L	Н	х	V	L	Column	4, 5				
Column Addr.	Auto Prechar	ge Enable	п	^	L	Н		L		^	v	Н	Address	4,5,6,9				
Burst Stop			Н	Х	L	Н	Н	L	L	Х		)	<	7				
Precharge	Bank Selection		Bank Selection		Н	x	L	L	н	L	L	х	V	L	х			
Frecharge	Both Banks		п	^	L	L	п	L		^	Х	Н	^					
				Entry (		Entry.		L	L	Н	Н	н	х	х				
Clock Suspend or Active Power Dov		Entry	Н		Н	Х	Х	Х	^	^		)	<					
		Exit	L	н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х								
		Entry	Н	L	L	Н	Н	н	х	х								
Precharge Power	Down Mode	Entry	п		Н	Х	Х	Х		^		)	/					
Frecharge Fower	Down Mode	Exit	L	н	L	V	V	V	V	х		/	<b>`</b>					
EXIL			L		Н	Х	Х	Х	Х									
DQM	DQM					>	(			V		)	<	8				
No Operation Car	No Operation Command			х	L	Н	Н	Н	х	х		)	/					
no Operation Cor	No Operation Command			^	Н	Х	Х	Х	^	^		,	<b>`</b>					

(V=Valid, X=Don't Care, H=Logic High, L=Logic Low)

Note: 1. OP Code : Operand Code

A0 ~ A9 : Program keys. (@MRS)

A5, A6 : LMR or LCR select. (@SMRS)

Color register exists only one per DQi which both banks share.

So dose Mask Register.

Color or mask is loaded into chip through DQ pin.

2. MRS can be issued only at both banks precharge state.

SMRS can be issued only if DQ's are idle.

A new command can be issued at the next clock of MRS/SMRS.



# KM4132G271A

## SIMPLIFIED TRUTH TABLE

3. Auto refresh functions as same as CBR refresh of DRAM.
The automatical precharge without Row precharge command is meant by "Auto".
Auto/Self refresh can be issued only at both precharge state.
4. A9 : Bank select address.
If "Low" at read, (block) write, Row active and precharge, bank A is selected.
If "High" at read, (block) write, Row active and precharge, bank B is selected.
If As is "High" at Row precharge, A9 is ignored and both banks are selected.
5. It is determined at Row active cycle.
whether Normal/Block write operates in write per bit mode or not.
For A bank write, at A bank Row active, for B bank write, at B bank Row active.
Terminology : Write per bit =I/O mask
(Block) Write with write per bit mode=Masked(Block) Write
6. During burst read or write with auto precharge, new read/(block) write command cannot be issued.
Another bank read/(block) write command can be issued at tRP after the end of burst.
7. Burst stop command is valid only at full page burst length.
8. DQM sampled at positive going edge of a CLK.
masks the data-in at the very CLK(Write DQM latency is 0)
but makes Hi-Z state the data-out of 2 CLK cycles after.(Read DQM latency is 2)
9. Graphic features added to SDRAM's original features.

If DSF is tied to low, graphic functions are disabled and chip operates as a 8M SDRAM with 32 DQ's.

## SGRAM vs SDRAM

SDRAM Function	М	RS	Bank	Active	Write		
DSF	L H		L	Н	L	Н	
SGRAM Function	MRS	SMRS	Bank Active with Write per bit Disable	Bank Active with Write per bit Enable	Normal Write	Block Write	

If DSF is low, SGRAM functionality is identical to SDRAM functionality.

SGRAM can be used as an unified memory by the appropriate DSF control --> SGRAM=Graphic Memory + Main Memory



## MODE REGISTER FIELD TABLE TO PROGRAM MODES

#### Register Programmed with MRS

Address	<b>A</b> 9	<b>A</b> 8	<b>A</b> 7	<b>A</b> 6	<b>A</b> 5	<b>A</b> 4	Аз	<b>A</b> 2	<b>A</b> 1	Ao
Function	W.B.L	T	М	(	CAS Latency		BT		Burst Length	۱

(Note 1)

		Test Mode	CAS Latency				E	Burst Type		Burst Length					
<b>A</b> 8	<b>A</b> 7	Туре	A6	<b>A</b> 5	<b>A</b> 4	Latency	<b>A</b> 3	а Туре		<b>A</b> 1	Ao	BT=0	BT=1		
0	0	Mode Register Set	0	0	0	Reserved	0	Sequential	0	0	0	1	Reserved		
0	1	Vendor	0	0	1	-	1	Interleave	0	0	1	2	Reserved		
1	0	Use Only	0	1	0	2			0	1	0	4	4		
1	1	Only	0	1	1	3			0	1	1	8	8		
	Writ	e Burst Length	1	0	0	Reserved			1	0	0	Reserved	Reserved		
<b>A</b> 9		Length	1	0	1	Reserved			1	0	1	Reserved	Reserved		
0	Burst		1	1	0	Reserved			1	1	0	Reserved	Reserved		
1	1 Single Bit			1	1	Reserved			1	1	1	256(Full)	Reserved		

(Note 2)

#### Special Mode Register Programmed with SMRS

Address	Аэ	<b>A</b> 8	<b>A</b> 7	<b>A</b> 6	<b>A</b> 5	<b>A</b> 4	Аз	<b>A</b> 2	<b>A</b> 1	Ao
Function		Х		LC	LM			Х		

/			
Lo	oad Color	L	oad Mask
A6	Function	A5	Function
0	Disable	0	Disable
1	Enable	1	Enable
			(Note 3)

## **POWER UP SEQUENCE**

1. Apply power and start clock, Attempt to maintain CKE= "H", DQM= "H" and the other pins are NOP condition at the inputs.

- 2. Maintain stable power, stable clock and NOP input condition for a minimum of 200§Å.
- 3. Issue precharge commands for all banks of the devices.
- 4. Issue 2 or more auto-refresh commands.
- 5. Issue a mode register set command to initialize the mode register.

cf.) Sequence of 4 & 5 may be changed.

The device is now ready for normal operation.

Note : 1. If A9 is high during MRS cycle, "Burst Read Single Bit Write" function will be enabled.

- 2. The full column burst(256bit) is available only at Sequential mode of burst type.
- 3. If LC and LM both high(1), data of mask and color register will be unknown.



# **BURST SEQUENCE (BURST LENGTH = 4)**

Initial a	ddress		Secu	ontial		Interleave					
<b>A</b> 1	Ao		Sequential Interleave								
0	0	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3		
0	1	1	2	3	0	1	0	3	2		
1	0	2	3	0	1	2	3	0	1		
1	1	3	0	1	2	3	2	1	0		

## **BURST SEQUENCE (BURST LENGTH = 8)**

Initi	al addr	ess		Sequential								Interleave						
<b>A</b> 2	<b>A</b> 1	A0		Sequential							interieave							
0	0	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	0	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	0	3	2	5	4	7	6
0	1	0	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	0	1	6	7	4	5
0	1	1	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4
1	0	0	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3
1	0	1	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	4	7	6	1	0	3	2
1	1	0	6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	4	5	2	3	0	1
1	1	1	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

# PIXEL to DQ MAPPING(at BLOCK WRITE)

Colu	mn ado	dress	3 Byte	2 Byte	1 Byte	0 Byte
<b>A</b> 2	<b>A</b> 1	Ao	<b>I/O</b> 31 - <b>I/O</b> 24	<b>I/O</b> 23 - <b>I/O</b> 16	<b>I/O</b> 15 - <b>I/O</b> 8	I/O7 - I/O0
0	0	0	DQ24	DQ16	DQ8	DQ0
0	0	1	DQ25	DQ17	DQ9	DQ1
0	1	0	DQ26	DQ18	DQ10	DQ2
0	1	1	DQ27	DQ19	DQ11	DQ3
1	0	0	DQ28	DQ20	DQ12	DQ4
1	0	1	DQ29	DQ21	DQ13	DQ5
1	1	0	DQ30	DQ22	DQ14	DQ6
1	1	1	DQ31	DQ23	DQ15	DQ7



# **DEVICE OPERATIONS**

## CLOCK (CLK)

The clock input is used as the reference for all SGRAM operations. All operations are synchronized to the positive going edge of the clock. The clock transitions must be monotonic between VIL and VIH. During operation with CKE high all inputs are assumed to be in valid state (low or high) for the duration of setup and hold time around positive edge of the clock for proper functionality and Icc specifications.

## CLOCK ENABLE (CKE)

The clock enable(CKE) gates the clock onto SGRAM. If CKE goes low synchronously with clock (set-up and hold time same as other inputs), the internal clock is suspended from the next clock cycle and the state of output and burst address is frozen as long as the CKE remains low. All other inputs are ignored from the next clock cycle after CKE goes low. When both banks are in the idle state and CKE goes low synchronously with clock, the SGRAM enters the power down mode from the next clock cycle. The SGRAM remains in the power down mode ignoring the other inputs as long as CKE remains low. The power down exit is synchronous as the internal clock is suspended. When CKE goes high at least "tss + 1CLOCK" before the high going edge of the clock, then the SGRAM becomes active from the same clock edge accepting all the input commands.

## BANK SELECT (A9)

This SGRAM is organized as two independent banks of 131,072 words x 32 bits memory arrays. The A9 inputs is latched at the time of assertion of  $\overrightarrow{RAS}$  and  $\overrightarrow{CAS}$  to select the bank to be used for the operation. When A9 is asserted low, bank A is selected. When A9 is asserted high, bank B is selected. The bank select A9 is latched at bank activate, read, write mode register set and precharge operations.

### ADDRESS INPUT (A0 ~ A8)

The 17 address bits required to decode the 131,072 word locations are multiplexed into 9 address input pins(A0~A8). The 9 bit row address is latched along with  $\overrightarrow{RAS}$  and A9 during bank activate command. The 8 bit column address is latched along with  $\overrightarrow{CAS}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{WE}$  and A9 during read or write command.

### NOP and DEVICE DESELECT

When  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  are high, the SGRAM performs no operation (NOP). NOP does not initiate any new operation, but is needed to complete operations which require more than single clock cycle like bank activate, burst read, auto refresh, etc. The device deselect is also a NOP and is entered by asserting  $\overline{CS}$  high.  $\overline{CS}$  high disables the command decoder so that  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$ ,  $\overline{WE}$ , DSF and all the address inputs are ignored.

#### POWER-UP

The following sequence is recommended for POWER UP

- Power must be applied to either CKE and DQM inputs to pull them high and other pins are NOP condition at the inputs before or along with VDD(and VDDQ) supply. The clock signal must also be asserted at the same time.
- After VDD reaches the desired voltage, a minimum pause of 200 microseconds is required with inputs in NOP condition.
- 3. Both banks must be precharged now.
- 4. Perform a minimum of 2 Auto refresh cycles to stabilize the internal circuitry.
- Perform a MODE REGISTER SET cycle to program the CAS latency, burst length and burst type as the default value of mode register is undefined.

At the end of one clock cycle from the mode register set cycle, the device is ready for operation.

When the above sequence is used for Power-up, all the outputs will be in high impedance state. The high impedance of outputs is not guaranteed in any other power-up sequence. cf.) Sequence of 4 & 5 may be changed.

### MODE REGISTER SET (MRS)

The mode register stores the data for controlling the various operating modes of SGRAM. It programs the CAS latency, addressing mode, burst length, test mode and various vendor specific options to make SGRAM useful for variety of different applications. The default value of the mode register is not defined, therefore the mode register must be written after power up to operate the SGRAM. The mode register is written by asserting low on CS, RAS, CAS, WE and DSF (The SGRAM should be in active mode with CKE already high prior to writing the mode register). The state of address pins A0 ~ A8 and A9 in the same cycle as CS, RAS, CAS, WE and DSF going low is the data written in the mode register. One clock cycle is required to complete the write in the mode register. The mode register contents can be changed using the same command and clock cycle requirements during operation as long as both banks are in the idle state. The mode register is divided into various fields depending on functionality. The burst length field uses  $A_0 \sim A_2$ , burst type uses A3, addressing mode uses A4 ~ A6, A7 ~ A8 are used for vendor specific options or test mode. And the write burst length is programmed using A9. A7 ~ A8 must be set to low for normal SGRAM operation. Refer to table for specific codes for various burst length, addressing modes and CAS latencies.



# **DEVICE OPERATIONS**

## BANK ACTIVATE

The bank activate command is used to select a random row in an idle bank. By asserting low on RAS and CS with desired row and bank addresses, a row access is initiated. The read or write operation can occur after a time delay of tRCD(min) from the time of bank activation. tRCD(min) is an internal timing parameter of SGRAM, therefore it is dependent on operating clock frequency. The minimum number of clock cycles required between bank activate and read or write command should be calculated by dividing tRCD(min) with cycle time of the clock and then rounding off the result to the next higher integer. The SGRAM has two internal banks on the same chip and shares part of the internal circuitry to reduce chip area, therefore it restricts the activation of both banks immediately. Also the noise generated during sensing of each bank of SGRAM is high requiring some time for power supplies to recover before the other bank can be sensed reliably. tRRD(min) specifies the minimum time required between activating different banks. The number of clock cycles required between different bank activation must be calculated similar to tRCD specification. The minimum time required for the bank to be active to initiate sensing and restoring the complete row of dynamic cells is determined by tRAS(min) specification before a precharge command to that active bank can be asserted. The maximum time any bank can be in the active state is determined by tRAS(max). The number of cycles for both tRAS(min) and tRAS(max) can be calculated similar to tRCD specification.

## BURST READ

The burst read command is used to access burst of data on consecutive clock cycles from an active row in an active bank. The burst read command is issued by asserting low on CS and CAS with WE being high on the positive edge of the clock. The bank must be active for at least tRCD(min) before the burst read command is issued. The first output appears CAS latency number of clock cycles after the issue of burst read command. The burst length, burst sequence and latency from the burst read command is determined by the mode register which is already programmed. The burst read can be initiated on any column address of the active row. The address wraps around if the initial address does not start from a boundary such that number of outputs from each I/O are equal to the burst length programmed in the mode register. The output goes into high-impedance at the end of the burst, unless a new burst read was initiated to keep the data output gapless. The burst read can be terminated by issuing another burst read or burst write in the same bank or the other active bank or a precharge command to the same bank. The burst stop command is valid only at full page burst length where the output dose not go into high impedance at the end of burst and the burst is wrap around ..

#### **BURST WRITE**

The burst write command is similar to burst read command, and is used to write data into the SGRAM on consecutive clock

cycles in adjacent addresses depending on burst length and burst sequence. By asserting low on  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  with valid column address, a write burst is initiated. The data inputs are provided for the initial address in the same clock cycle as the burst write command. The input buffer is deselected at the end of the burst length, even though the internal writing may not have been completed yet. The writing can not complete to burst length. The burst write can be terminated by issuing a burst read and DQM for blocking data inputs or burst write in the same or the other active bank. The burst stop command is valid only at full page burst length where the writing continues at the end of burst and the burst is wrap around. The write burst can also be terminated by using DQM for blocking data and precharging the bank " tRDL" after the last data input to be written into the active row. See DQM OPERATION also.

#### DQM OPERATION

The DQM is used to mask input and output operations. It works similar to OE during read operation and inhibits writing during write operation. The read latency is two cycles from DQM and zero cycle for write, which means DQM masking occurs two cycles later in the read cycle and occurs in the same cycle during write cycle. DQM operation is synchronous with the clock, therefore the masking occurs for a complete cycle. The DQM signal is important during burst interrupts of write with read or precharge in the SGRAM. Due to asynchronous nature of the internal write, the DQM operation is critical to avoid unwanted or incomplete writes when the complete burst write is not required. DQM is also used for device selection, byte selection and bus control in a memory system. DQM0 controls DQ0 to DQ7, DQM1 controls DQ8 to DQ15, DQM2 controls DQ16 to DQ23, DQM3 controls DQ24 to DQ31. DQM masks the DQ's by a byte regardless that the corresponding DQ's are in a state of WPB masking or Pixel masking. Please refer to DQM timing diagram also.

### PRECHARGE

The precharge operation is performed on an active bank by asserting low on  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{WE}$  and As with valid A9 of the bank to be precharged. The precharge command can be asserted anytime after tRAS(min) is satisfied from the bank activate command in the desired bank. "tRP" is defined as the minimum time required to precharge a bank. The minimum number of clock cycles required to complete row precharge is calculated by dividing "tRP" with clock cycle time and rounding up to the next higher integer. Care should be taken to make sure that burst write is completed or DQM is used to inhibit writing before precharge command is asserted. The maximum time any bank can be active is specified by tRAS(max). Therefore, each bank has to be precharged within tRAS(max) from the bank activate command. At the end of precharge, the bank enters the idle state and is ready to be activated again.



# **DEVICE OPERATIONS (Continued)**

Entry to Power Down, Auto refresh, Self refresh and Mode register Set etc. is possible only when both banks are in idle state.

### AUTO PRECHARGE

The precharge operation can also be performed by using auto precharge. The SGRAM internally generates the timing to satisfy tRAS(min) and "tRP" for the programmed burst length and  $\overline{CAS}$  latency. The auto precharge command is issued at the same time as burst read or burst write by asserting high on A8. If burst read or burst write command is asserted. Once auto precharge command is given, no new commands are possible to that particular bank until the bank achieves idle state.

#### **BOTH BANKS PRECHARGE**

Both banks can be precharged at the same time by using Precharge all command. Asserting low on  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ , and  $\overline{WE}$  with high on A8 after both banks have satisfied tRAS(min) requirement, performs precharge on both banks. At the end of tRP after performing precharge all, both banks are in idle state.

### AUTO REFRESH

The storage cells of SGRAM need to be refreshed every 16ms to maintain data. An auto refresh cycle accomplishes refresh of a single row of storage cells. The internal counter increments automatically on every auto refresh cycle to refresh all the rows. An auto refresh command is issued by asserting low on CS, RAS and CAS with high on CKE and WE. The auto refresh command can only be asserted with both banks being in idle state and the device is not in power down mode (CKE is high in the previous cycle). The time required to complete the auto refresh operation is specified by "tRC(min)". The minimum number of clock cycles required can be calculated by driving "tRC" with clock cycle time and them rounding up to the next higher integer. The auto refresh command must be followed by NOP's until the auto refresh operation is completed. Both banks will be in the idle state at the end of auto refresh operation. The auto refresh is the preferred refresh mode when the SGRAM is being used for normal data transactions. The auto refresh cycle can be performed once in 15.6§Á or a burst of 1024 auto refresh cycles once in 16ms.

#### SELF REFRESH

The self refresh is another refresh mode available in the SGRAM. The self refresh is the preferred refresh mode for data retention and low power operation of SGRAM. In self refresh mode, the SGRAM disables the internal clock and all the input buffers except CKE. The refresh addressing and timing is internally generated to reduce power consumption.

The self refresh mode is entered from all banks idle state by asserting low on  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$  and CKE with high on  $\overline{WE}$ . Once the self refresh mode is entered, only CKE state being low matters, all the other inputs including clock are ignored to remain in the self refresh.

The self refresh is exited by restarting the external clock and then asserting high on CKE. This must be followed by NOP's for a minimum time of "tRC" before the SGRAM reaches idle state to begin normal operation. If the system uses burst auto refresh during normal operation, it is recommended to use burst 1024 auto refresh cycles immediately after exiting self refresh.

## DEFINE SPECIAL FUNCTION(DSF)

The DSF controls the graphic applications of SGRAM. If DSF is tied to low, SGRAM functions as 128K x 32 x2 Bank SDRAM. SGRAM can be used as an unified memory by the appropriate DSF command. All the graphic function mode can be entered only by setting DSF high when issuing commands which otherwise would be normal SDRAM commands.

SDRAM functions such as  $\overline{RAS}$  Active, Write, and WCBR change to SGRAM functions such as  $\overline{RAS}$  Active with WPB, Block Write and SWCBR respectively. See the sessions below for the graphic functions that DSF controls.

### SPECIAL MODE REGISTER SET(SMRS)

There are two kinds of special mode registers in SGRAM.One is color register and the other is mask register. Those usage will be explained at "WRITE PER BIT" and "BLOCK WRITE" session. When A5 and DSF goes high in the same cycle as  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ , CAS and WE going low, load mask register(LMR) process is executed and the mask registers are filled with the masks for associated DQ's through DQ pins. And when A6 and DSF goes high in the same cycle as CS, RAS, CAS and WE going low, load color register(LCR) process is executed and the color register is filled with color data for associated DQ's through the DQ pins. If both A5 and A6 are high at SMRS, data of mask and color cycle is required to complete the write in the mask register and the color register at LMR and LCR respectively. The next clock of LMR or LCR, a new commands can be issued. SMRS, compared with MRS, can be issued at the active state under the condition that DQ's are idle. As in write operation, SMRS accepts the data needed through DQ pins. Therefore it should be attended not to induce bus contention. The more detailed materials can be obtained by referring corresponding timing diagram.



# **DEVICE OPERATIONS (Continued)**

#### WRITE PER BIT

Write per bit(i.e. I/O mask mode) for SGRAM is a function that selectively masks bits of data being written to the devices. The mask is stored in an internal register and applied to each bit of data written when enabled. Bank active command with DSF=High enabled write per bit for associated bank. Bank active command with DSF=Low disables write per bit for the associated bank. The mask used for write per bit operations is stored in the mask register accessed by SWCBR(Special Mode Register Set Command). When a mask bit=1, the associated data bit is written when a write command is executed and write per bit has been enabled for the bank being written. When a mask bit=0, the associated data bit is unaltered when a write command is executed and the write per bit has been enabled for the bank being written. No additional timing conditions are required for write per bit operations. Write per bit writes can be either single write, burst writes or block writes. DQM masking is the same for write per bit and non-WPB write.

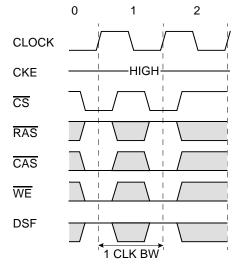
#### **BLOCK WRITE**

Block write is a feature allowing the simultaneous writing of consecutive 8 columns of data within a RAM device during a single access cycle. During block write the data to be written comes from an internal "color" register and DQ I/O pins are used for independent column selection. The block of column to be written is aligned on 8 column boundaries and is defined by the column address with the 3 LSB's ignored. Write command with DSF=1 enables block write for the associated bank. A write command with DSF=0 enables normal write for the associated bank. The block width is 8 column where column="n" bits for by "n" part. The color register is the same width as the data port of the chip.It is written via a SWCBR where data present on the DQ pin is to be coupled into the internal color register. The color register provides the data masked by the DQ column select, WPB mask(If enabled), and DQM byte mask. Column data masking(Pixel masking) is provided on an individual column basis for each byte of data. The column mask is driven on the DQ pins during a block write command. The DQ column mask function is segmented on a per bit basis(i.e. DQ[0:7] provides the column mask for data bits[0:7], DQ[8:15] provides the column mask for data bits[8:15], DQ0 masks column[0] for data bits[0:7], DQ9 masks column [1] for data bits [8:15], etc). Block writes are always non-burst, independent of the burst length that has been programmed into the mode register. Back to back block writes are allowed provided that the specified block write cycle time(tBWC) is satisfied. If write per bit was enabled by the bank active command with DSF=1, then write per bit masking of the color register data is enabled.

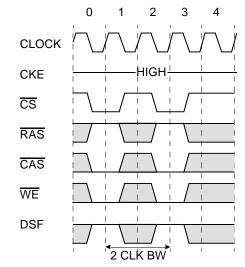
If write per bit was disabled by a bank active command with DSF=0, the write per bit masking of the color register data is disabled. DQM masking provides independent data byte masking during block write exactly the same as it does during normal write operations, except that the control is extended to the consecutive 8 columns of the block write.

#### Timing Diagram to Illustrate tBWC

1. 1 CLK Cycle Block Write(tBwciÂtcc)



#### 2. 2 CLK Cycle Block Write(tBWC>tcc)

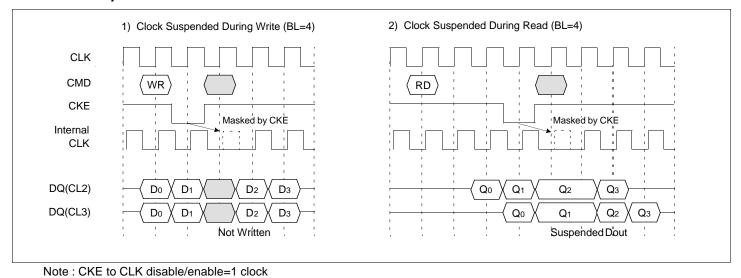




# SUMMARY OF 1M Byte SGRAM BASIC FEATURES AND BENEFITS

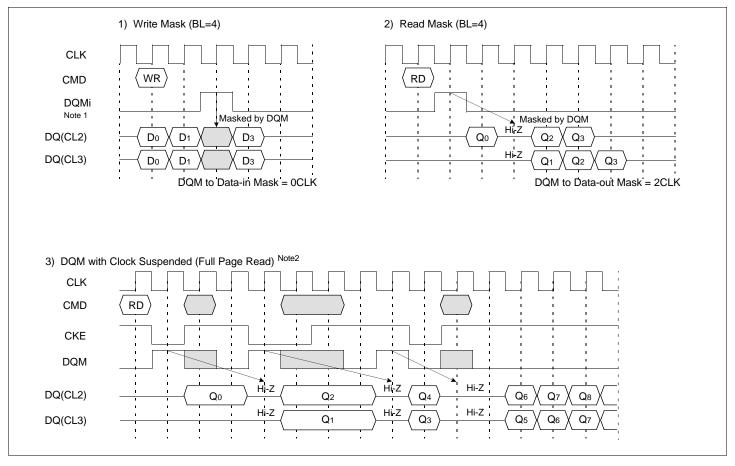
Features	128K x 32 x 2 SGRAM	Benefits
Interface	Synchronous	Better interaction between memory and system without wait-state of asynchronous DRAM. High speed vertical and horizontal drawing. High operating frequency allows performance gain for SCROLL, FILL, and BitBLT.
Bank	2 ea	Pseudo-infinite row length by on-chip interleaving operation. Hidden row activation and precharge.
Page Depth / 1 Row	256 bit	High speed vertical and horizontal drawing.
Total Page Depth	1024 bytes	High speed vertical and horizontal drawing.
Burst Length(Read)	1, 2, 4, 8 Full Page	Programmable burst of 1, 2, ,4, 8 and full page transfer per column addresses.
Burst Length(Write)	1, 2, 4, 8 Full Page	Programmable burst of 1, 2, ,4, 8 and full page transfer per column addresses.
	BRSW	Switch to burst length of 1 at write without MRS.
Burst Type	Sequential & Interleave	Compatible with Intel and Motorola CPU based system.
CAS Latency	2, 3	Programmable CAS latency.
Block Write	8 Columns	High speed FILL, CLEAR, Text with color registers. Maximum 32 byte data transfers(e.g. for 8bpp : 32 pixels) with plane and byte masking functions.
Color Register	1 ea.	A and B bank share.
Mask Register	1 ea.	Write-per-bit capability(bit plane masking). A and B banks share.
	DQM0-3	Byte masking(pixel masking for 8bpp system) for data-out/in
Mask function	Write per bit	Each bit of the mask register directly controls a corresponding bit plane.
	Pixel Mask at Block Write	Byte masking(pixel masking for 8bpp system) for color by DQi

## BASIC FEATURE AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS 1. CLOCK Suspend



SAMSUNG

### 2. DQM Operation



\*Note: 1. There are 4 DQMi(i=0~3).

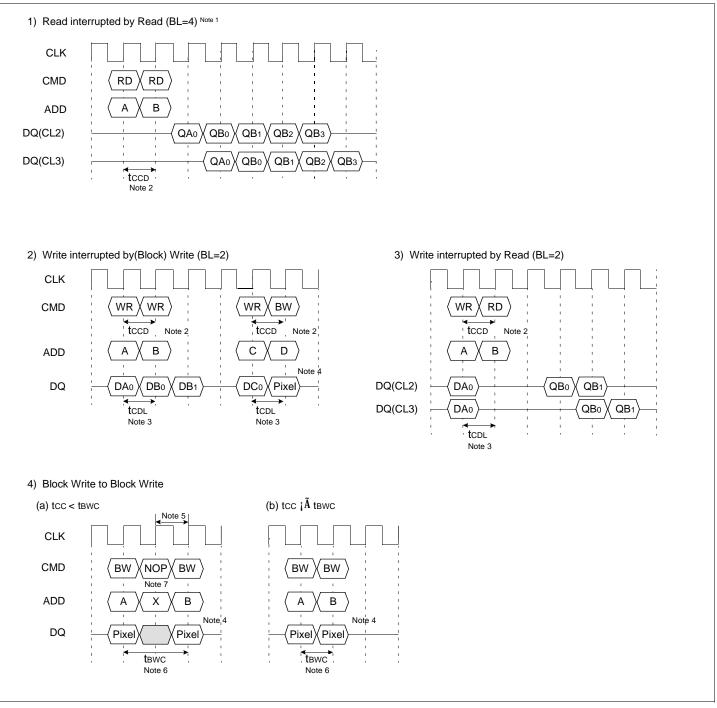
Each DQMi masks 8 DQi's.(1 Byte, 1 Pixel for 8 bpp)

2. DQM makes data out Hi-Z after 2 clocks which should masked by CKE " L".



# KM4132G271A

# 3. CAS Interrupt (I)

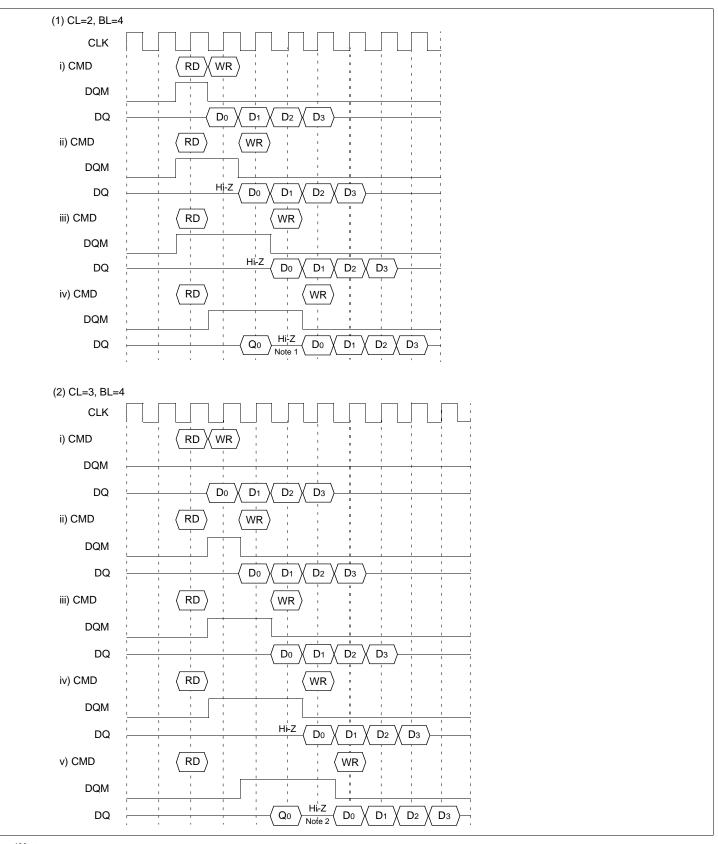


\*Note : 1. By "Interrupt ", It is possible to stop burst read/write by external command before the end of burst.

- By "CAS Interrupt", to stop burst read/write by CAS access ; read, write and block write.
- 2. tccd :  $\overline{CAS}$  to  $\overline{CAS}$  delay. (=1CLK)
- 3. tCDL : Last data in to new column address delay. (=1CLK)
- 4. Pixel :Pixel mask.
- 5. tcc : Clock cycle time.
- 6. tBWC : Block write minimum cycle time.
- 7. Other Bank can be active or precharge.



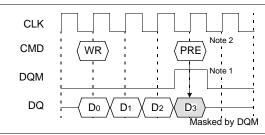
#### 4. CAS Interrupt (II) : Read Interrupted by Write & DQM



\*Note: 1. To prevent bus contention, there should be at least one gap between data in and data out. 2. To prevent bus contention, DQM should be issued which makes at least one gap between data in and data out.



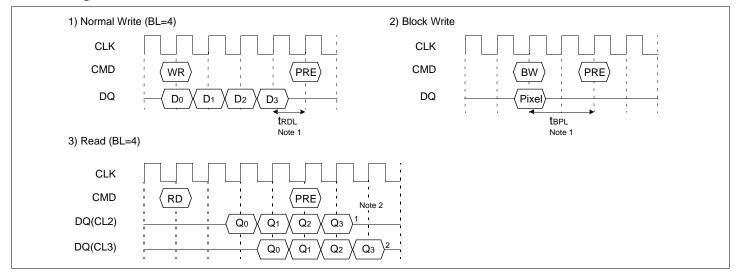
### 5. Write Interrupted by Precharge & DQM



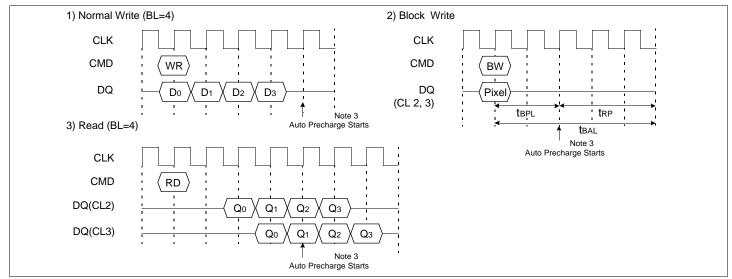
\*Note: 1. To inhibit invalid write, DQM should be issued.

2. This precharge command and burst write command should be of the same bank, otherwise it is not precharge interrupt but only another bank precharge of dual banks operation.

#### 6. Precharge



## 7. Auto Precharge



\*Note : 1. tBPL : Block write data-in to PRE command delay

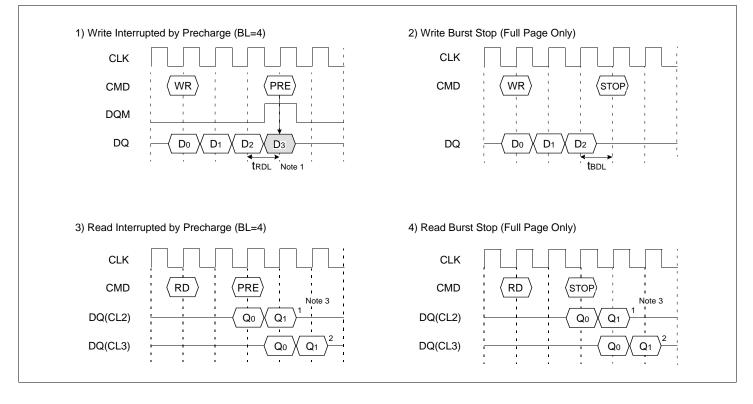
- 2. Number of valid output data after Row Precharge : 1, 2 for CAS Latency =2, 3 respectively.
- 3. The row active command of the precharge bank can be issued after t RP from this point. The new read/write command of other activated bank can be issued from this point.

At burst read/write with auto precharge, CAS interrupt of the same/another bank is illegal.

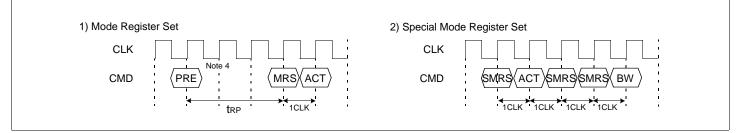


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#### 8. Burst Stop & Precharge Interrupt



#### 9. MRS & SMRS



\*Note: 1. tRDL: 1 CLK, Last Data in to Row Precharge.

2. tBDL : 1 CLK, Last Data in to Burst Stop Delay.

3. Number of valid output data after Row precharge or burst stop : 1, 2 for CAS latency= 2, 3 respectiviely.

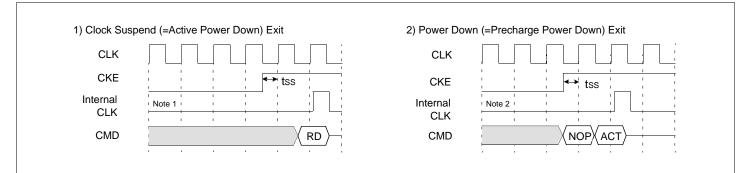
4. PRE : Both banks precharge if necessary.

MRS can be issued only at all bank precharge state.

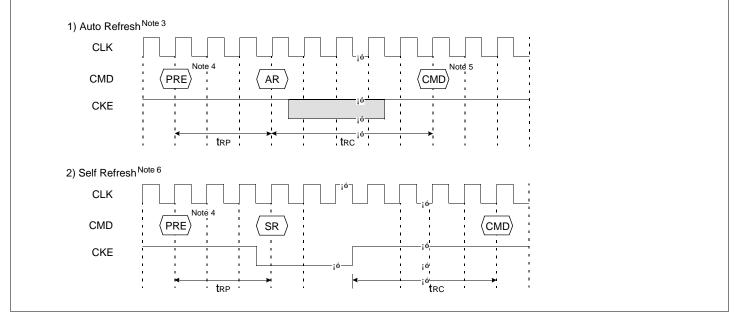


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#### 10. Clock Suspend Exit & Power Down Exit



#### 11. Auto Refresh & Self Refresh



\*Note: 1. Active power down : one or more bank active state.

- 2. Precharge power down : both bank precharge state.
- The auto refresh is the same as CBR refresh of conventional DRAM.
   No precharge commands are required after Auto Refresh command.
   During tRC from auto refresh command, any other command can not be accepted.
- 4. Before executing auto/self refresh command, both banks must be idle state.
- 5. (S)MRS, Bank Active, Auto/Self Refresh, Power Down Mode Entry.

6. During self refresh mode, refresh interval and refresh operation are performed internally. After self refresh entry, self refresh mode is kept while CKE is LOW. During self refresh mode, all inputs expect CKE will be don't cared, and outputs will be in Hi-Z state. During tRC from self refresh exit command, any other command can not be accepted. Before/After self refresh mode, burst auto refresh cycle (1K cycles) is recommended.



## 12. About Burst Type Control

Basic MODE	Sequential Counting	At MRS A <sub>3</sub> = "0". See the BURST SEQUENCE TABLE. (BL=4,8) BL=1, 2, 4, 8 and full page wrap around.
MODE	Interleave Counting	At MRS A <sub>3</sub> = "1". See the BURST SEQUENCE TABLE. (BL=4,8) BL=4, 8. At BL=1, 2 Interleave Counting = Sequential Counting
Pseudo- MODE	Pseudo- Decrement Sequential Counting	At MRS A <sub>3</sub> = "1".(See to Interleave Counting Mode) Starting Address LSB 3 bits A 0-2 should be "000" or "111".@BL=8. if LSB="000" : Increment Counting. if LSB="111" : Decrement Counting. For Example,(Assume Addresses except LSB 3 bits are all 0, BL=8) @ write, LSB="000", Accessed Column in order 0-1-2-3-4-5-6-7 @ read, LSB="111", Accessed Column in order 7-6-5-4-3-2-1-0 At BL=4, same applications are possible. As above example, at Interleave Counting mode, by confining starting address to some values, <i>Pseudo</i> -Decrement Counting Mode can be realized. See the BURST SEQUENCE TABLE carefully.
	Pseudo- Binary Counting	At MRS A <sub>3</sub> = "0".(See to Sequential Counting Mode) A <sub>0-2</sub> = "111".(See to Full Page Mode) Using Full Page Mode and Burst Stop Command, Binary Counting Mode can be realized. @ Sequential Counting, Accessed Column in order 3-4-5-6-7-1-2-3(BL=8) @ <i>Pseudo</i> -Binary Counting, Accessed Column in order 3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10(Burst Stop command) Note. The next column address of 256 is 0.
Random MODE	Random column Access tcco = 1 CLK	Every cycle Read/Write Command with random column address can realize Random Column Access. That is similar to Extended Data Out (EDO) Operation of conventional DRAM.

## 13. About Burst Length Control

	1	At MRS A <sub>2,1,0</sub> = "000". At auto precharge, tRAS should not be violated.
Pasia	2	At MRS A <sub>2,1,0</sub> = "001". At auto precharge, tRAS should not be violated.
Basic MODE	4	At MRS A <sub>2,1,0</sub> = "010".
	8	At MRS A <sub>2,1,0</sub> = "011".
	Full Page	At MRS $A_{2,1,0}$ = "111". Wrap around mode(Infinite burst length)should be stopped by burst stop, RAS interrupt or CAS interrupt.
Special	BRSW	At MRS A <sub>9</sub> = "1". Read burst =1, 2, 4, 8, full page/write Burst =1 At auto precharge of write, t RAS should not be violated.
MODE	Block Write	8 Column Block Write. LSB A0-2 are ignored. Burst length=1. tBwc should not be violated. At auto precharge, tRAS should not be violated.
Random MODE	Burst Stop	tBDL= 1, Valid DQ after burst stop is 1, 2 for CL=2, 3 respectively Using burst stop command, it is possible only at full page burst length.
Interrupt MODE	RAS Interrupt (Interrupted by Precharge)	Before the end of burst, Row precharge command of the same bank stops read/write burst with Row precharge. tRDL= 1 with DQM, valid DQ after burst stop is 1, 2 for CL= 2, 3 respectively During read/write burst with auto precharge, RAS interrupt cannot be issued.
	CAS Interrupt	Before the end of burst, new read/write stops read/write burst and starts new read/write burst or block write. During read/write burst with auto precharge, CAS interrupt can not be issued.



#### 14. Mask Functions

1) Normal Write

I/O masking : By Mask at Write Per Bit Mode, the selected bit planes keep the original data. <u>If bit plane 0, 3, 7, 9, 15, 22, 24, and 31 keep the original value</u>.

i) STEP

<sup>"</sup>ç SMRS(LMR) :Load mask[31-0]="0111, 1110, 1011, 0111, 1111, 1101, 0111, 0110"

"è Row Active with DSF "H" :Write Per Bit Mode Enable

"é Perform Normal Write.

i) ILLUSTRATION

I/O(=DQ)	31	24	23	16	15	8	7	0
External Data-in	1111	1111	1111	1111	0000	0000	0000	0000
DQMi	DQN	13=0	DQI	M2=0	DQN	<i>I</i> 1=0	DQ	/lo=1
Mask Register	0111	1110	1011	0110	1111	1101	0111	0110
Before Write	0000	0000	0000	0000	1111	1111	1111	1111
After Write	0111	1110	1011	0110	0000	0010	1111	1111
							Note	e 1

2) Block Write

Pixel masking : By Pixel Data issued through DQ pin, the selected pixels keep the original data. See PIXEL TO DQ MAPPING TABLE.

If Pixel 0, 4, 9, 13, 18, 22, 27 and 31 keep the original white color.

Assume 8bpp,

White = "0000,0000", Red="1010,0011", Green = "1110,0001", Yellow = "0000,1111", Blue = "1100,0011" i) STEP

<sup>c</sup> SMRS(LCR) :Load color(for 8bpp, through x32 DQ color0-3 are loaded into color registers) Load(color3, color2, color1, color0) = (Blue, Green, Yellow, Red)

= "1100,0011, 1110, 0001, 0000, 1111, 1010, 0011"

"è Row Active with DSF "L" : I/O Mask by Write Per Bit Mode Disable

"é Block write with DQ[31-0] = "0111, 0111, 1011, 1011, 1101, 1101, 1110, 1110"

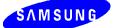
i) ILLUSTRATION

I/O(=D	Q)	31	24	23	16	15	8	7	0
DQMi		DQM3=0		DQM2=0		DQM1=0		DQM0=1	
Color Re	gister	Color3=Blue		Color2=Green		Color1=Yellow		Color0=Red	
	000	White DQ24=H		White DQ16=H		White DQ8=H		White DQ0=L	
Before	001	White	DQ25=H	White DQ17=H		White	DQ9=L	White	DQ1=H
Block	010	White	DQ26=H	White D	DQ18=L	White I	DQ10=H	White	DQ2=H
Write &	011	White	DQ27=L	White D	Q19=H	White I	DQ11=H	White	DQ3=H
DQ	100	White	DQ28=H	White D	Q20=H	White I	DQ12=H	White	DQ4=L
(Pixel	101	White	DQ29=H	White D	Q21=H	White DQ13=L		White DQ5=H	
data)	110	White DQ30=H		White DQ22=L		White DQ14=H		White DQ6=H	
	111	White	DQ31=L	White D	Q23=H	White I	DQ15=H	White	DQ7=H
	000	Blue		Green		Ye	Yellow		nite
	001	Blue		Green		White		White	
After	010	В	lue	Wh	nite	Ye	llow	W	nite
After Block	011	W	hite	Gre	Green Yellow		llow	White	
Write	100	В	lue	Gre	en	Ye	llow	W	nite
	101	В	lue	Gre	en	W	hite	W	nite
	110	В	lue	White		Yellow		White	
	111	W	hite	Gre	en	Ye	llow	W	nite
	Note 2								

\*Note: 1. DQM byte masking.

2. At normal write, ONE column is selected among columns decorded by A 2-0(000-111).

At block write, instead of ignored address A 2-0, DQ0-31 control each pixel.



# KM4132G271A

#### (Continued)

Pixel and I/O masking : By Mask at Write Per Bit Mode, the selected bit planes keep the original data. By Pixel Data issued through DQ pin, the selected pixels keep the original data. See PIXEL TO DQ MAPPING TABLE.

Assume 8bpp,

White = "0000,0000", Red="1010,0011", Green ="1110,0001", Yellow ="0000,1111", Blue ="1100,0011"

i) STEP

<sup>°</sup>ç SMRS(LCR) : Load color(for 8bpp, through x 32 DQ color0-3 are loaded into color registers) Load(color3, color2, color1, color0) = (Blue, Green, Yellow, Red)

= "1100,0011,1110,0001,0000,1111,1010,0011"

<sup>•</sup> è SMRS(LMR): Load mask. Mask[31-0] ="1111,1111,1101,1101, 0100,0010,0111,0110"
--> Byte 3 : No I/O Masking ; Byte 2 : I/O Masking ; Byte 1 : I/O and Pixel Masking ; Byte 0 : DQM Byte Maskin g

--> Byte 3 : No I/O Masking ; Byte 2 : I/O Masking ; Byte 1 : I/O and Pixel Masking ; Byte "é Row Active with DSF "H" : I/O Mask by Write Per Bit Mode Enable

"ê Block Write with DQ[31-0] = "0111,0111,1111,1111,0101,0101,1110,1110"

(Pixel Mask)

i) ILLUSTRATION

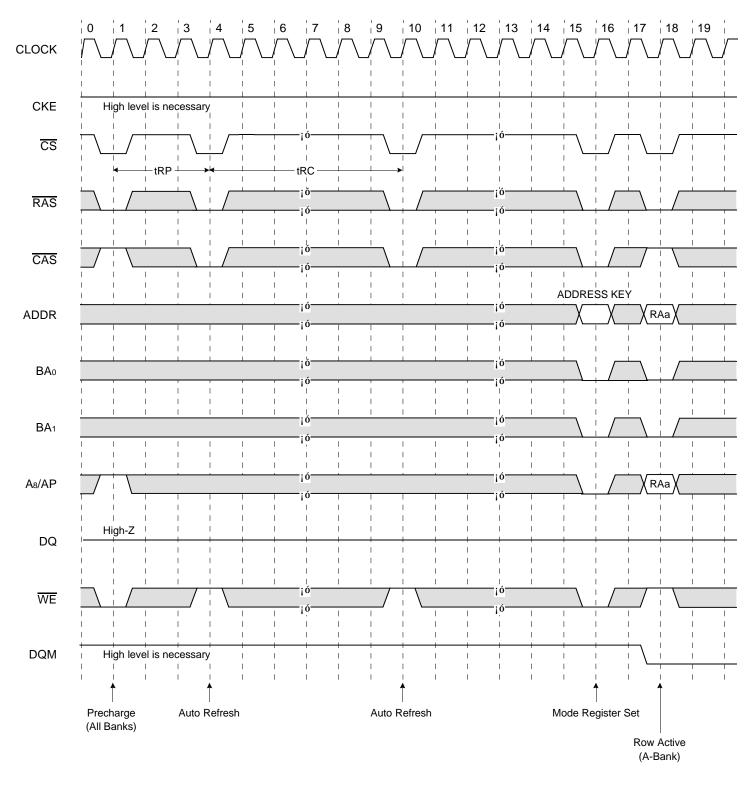
I/O(=E	DQ)	31 24	23 16	15 8	7 0	
Color Register		Blue 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1	Green 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1	Yellow 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Red 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1	
DQN	Лі	DQM3=0	DQM2=0	DQM1=0	DQM0=1	
Mask Re	gister	11111111	11011101	01000010	01110110	
Before	Write	Yellow 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Yellow 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Green 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1	White 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
After V	Vrite	Blue 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1	Blue 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1	Red 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1	White 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
		•		↓ ↓	↓ Note	
I/O(=E	DQ)	31 24	23 16	15 8	7 0	
DQN	Лi	DQM3=0	DQM2=0	DQM1=0	DQM0=1	
Color Re	gister	Color3=Blue	Color2=Green	Color1=Yellow	Color0=Red	
	000	Yellow DQ24=H	Yellow DQ16=H	Green DQ8=H	White DQ0=L	
Before	001	Yellow DQ25=H	Yellow DQ17=H	Green DQ9=L	White DQ1=H	
Block Write	010	Yellow DQ26=H	Yellow DQ18=H	Green DQ10=H	White DQ2=H	
&	011	Yellow DQ27=L	Yellow DQ19=H	Green DQ11=L	White DQ3=H	
DQ	100	Yellow DQ28=H	Yellow DQ20=H	Green DQ12=H	White DQ4=L	
(Pixel	101	Yellow DQ29=H	Yellow DQ21=H	Green DQ13=L	White DQ5=H	
data)	110	Yellow DQ30=H	Yellow DQ22=H	Green DQ14=H	White DQ6=H	
	111	Yellow DQ31=L	Yellow DQ23=H	Green DQ15=L	White DQ7=H	
	000	Blue	Blue	Red	White	
	001	Blue	Blue	Green	White	
After	010	Blue	Blue	Red	White	
Block	011	Yellow	Blue	Green	White	
Write	100	Blue	Blue	Red	White	
	101	Blue	Blue	Green	White	
	110	Blue	Blue	Red	White	
	111 Note 2	Yellow	Blue	Green	White Note 1	
	Note 2	ļ	Ļ	Ļ		
		PIXEL MASK	I/O MASK	PIXEL & I/O MASK	BYTE MASK	

\*Note: 1. DQM byte masking.

2. At normal write, ONE column is selected among columns decorded by A 2-0(000-111). At block write, instead of ignored address A 2-0, DQ0-31 control each pixel.



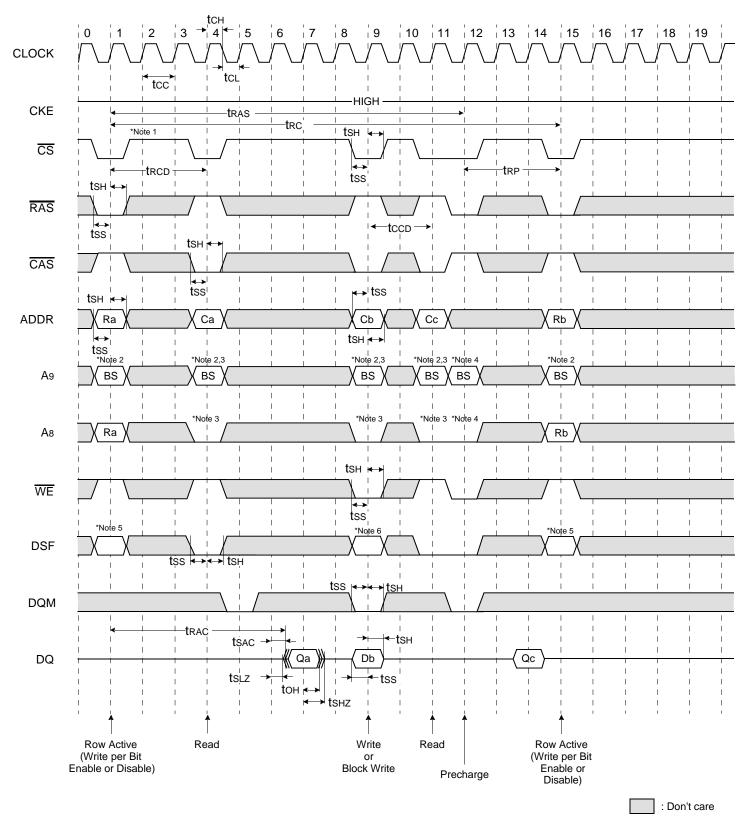
#### **Power On Sequence & Auto Refresh**



: Don't care



## Single Bit Read-Write-Read Cycle(Same Page) @CAS Latency=3, Burst Length=1





\*Note : 1. All input can be don't care when  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  is high at the CLK high going edge. 2. Bank active & read/write are controlled by A 9.

A9	Active & Read/Write	
0	Bank A	
1	Bank B	

3. Enable and disable auto precharge function are controlled by A 8 in read/write command.

A <b>8</b>	A9	Operation
0 Disable auto precharge, leave bank A active		Disable auto precharge, leave bank A active at end of burst.
0	1	Disable auto precharge, leave bank B active at end of burst.
1	0	Enable auto precharge, precharge bank A at end of burst.
	1	Enable auto precharge, precharge bank B at end of burst.

4. A8 and A9 control bank precharge when precharge command is asserted.

A <b>8</b>	A <b>9</b>	Precharge
0	0	Bank A
0	1	Bank B
1	х	Both Bank

5. Enable and disable Write-per Bit function are controlled by DSF in Row Active command.

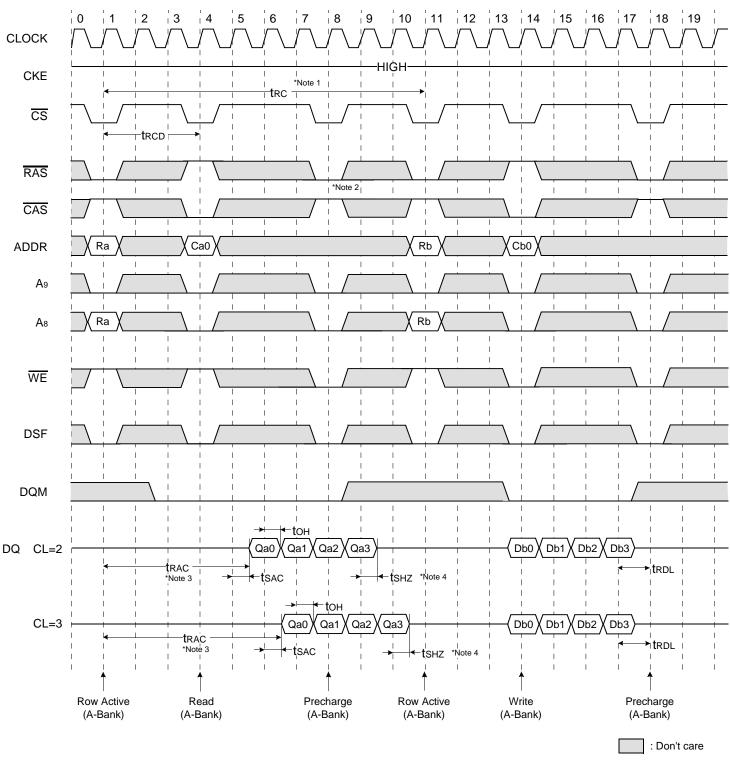
A9	DSF	Operation		
L Bank A row active, disable write per bit function for bank A		Bank A row active, disable write per bit function for bank A		
0	Н	Bank A row active, enable write per bit function for bank A		
L Ba		Bank B row active, disable write per bit function for bank B		
	Н	Bank B row active, enable write per bit function for bank B		

6. Block write/normal write is controlled by DSF.

DSF	Operation	Minimum cycle time
L	Normal write	tccD
Н	Block write	tBWC



#### Read & Write Cycle at Same Bank @Burst Length=4



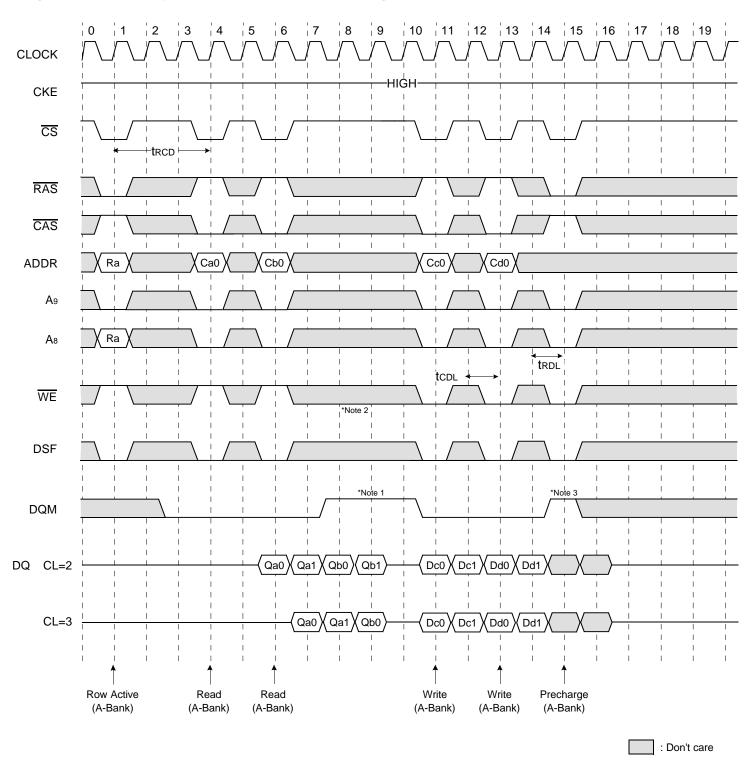
\*Note: 1. Minimum row cycle times is required to complete internal DRAM operation.

2. Row precharge can interrupt burst on any cycle. [CAS Latency - 1] valid output data available after Row enters precharge. Last valid output will be Hi-Z after tSHZ from the clcok.

- 3. Access time from Row address. tcc \*(tRcD + CAS latency 1) + tSAC
- 4. Ouput will be Hi-Z after the end of burst. (1, 2, 4, & 8)
  - At Full page bit burst, burst is wrap-around.



## Page Read & Write Cycle at Same Bank @Burst Length=4

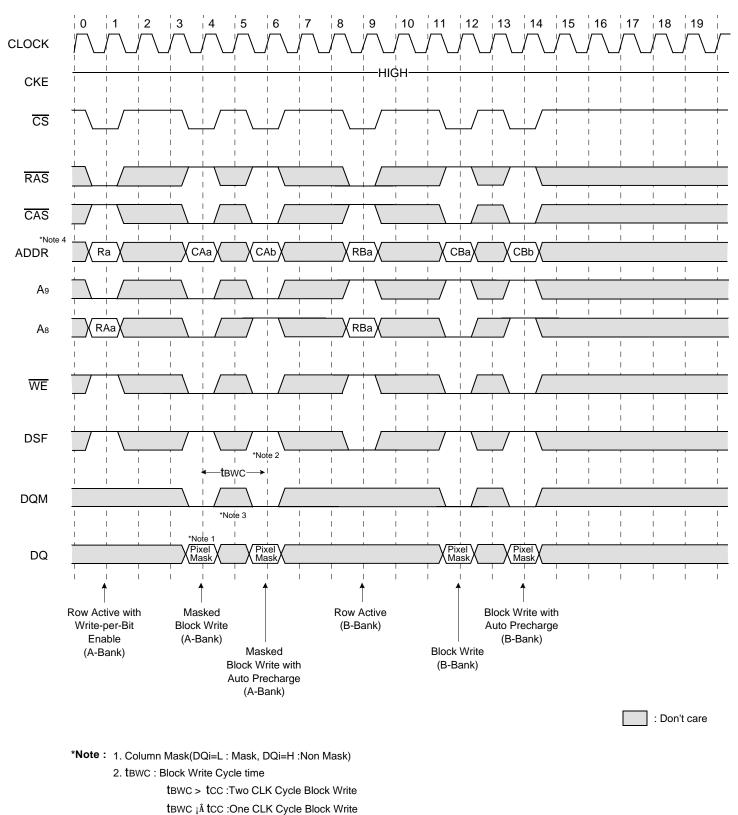


\*Note: 1. To write data before burst read ends, DQM should be asserted three cycle prior to write command to avoid bus contention.

- 2. Row precharge will interrupt writing. Last data input, tRDL before Row precharge, will be written.
- 3. DQM should mask invalid input data on precharge command cycle when asserting precharge before end of burst. Input data after Row precharge cycle will be masked internally.



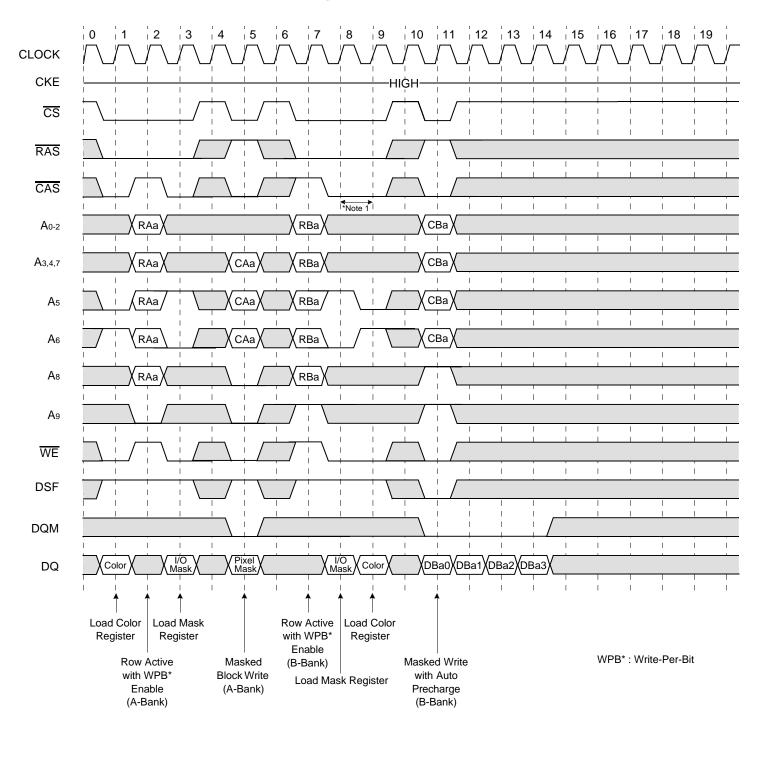
## Block Write cycle(with Auto Precharge)



- 3. At two Cycle Block Write, second cycle should be in NOP.
  - Other Bank can be active or precharge.
- 4. At Block Write, CA<sub>0~2</sub> are ignored.



# SMRS and Block/Normal Write @ Burst Length=4

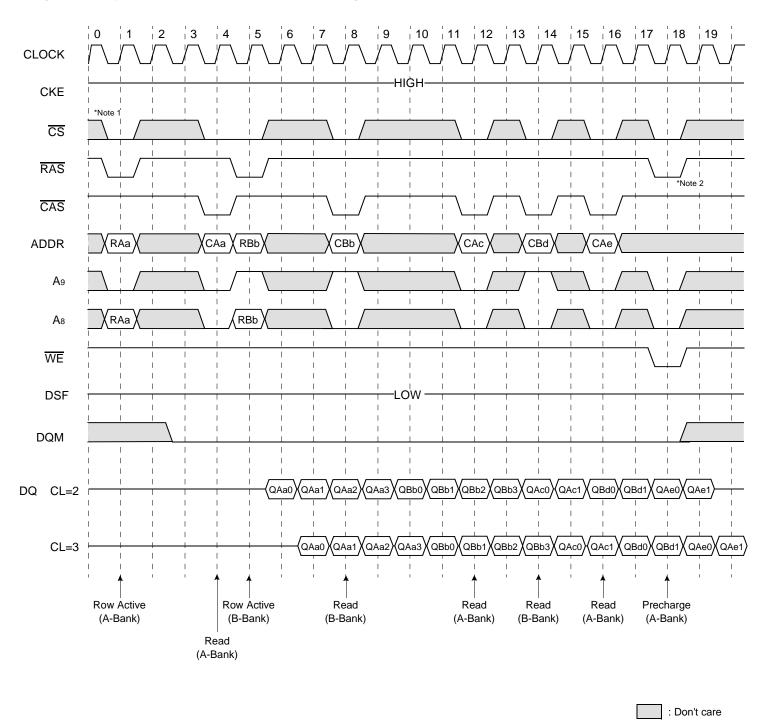


: Don't care

\*Note : 1. At the next clock of special mode set command, new command is possible.



#### Page Read Cycle at Different Bank @Burst Length=4

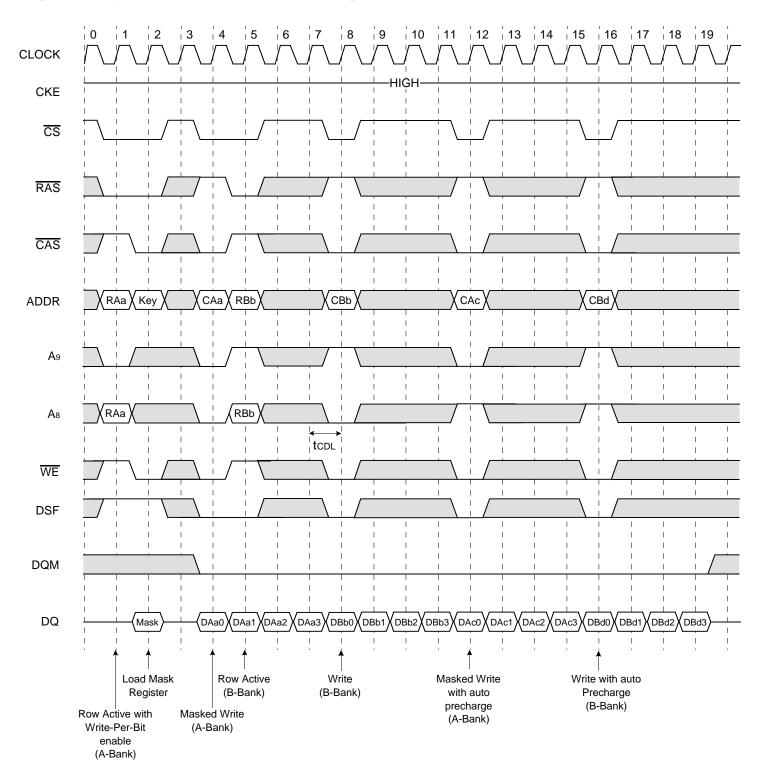


\*Note: 1. CS can be don't care when RAS, CAS and WE are high at the clock high going edge.

2. To interrupt a burst read by row precharge, both the read and the precharge banks must be the same.



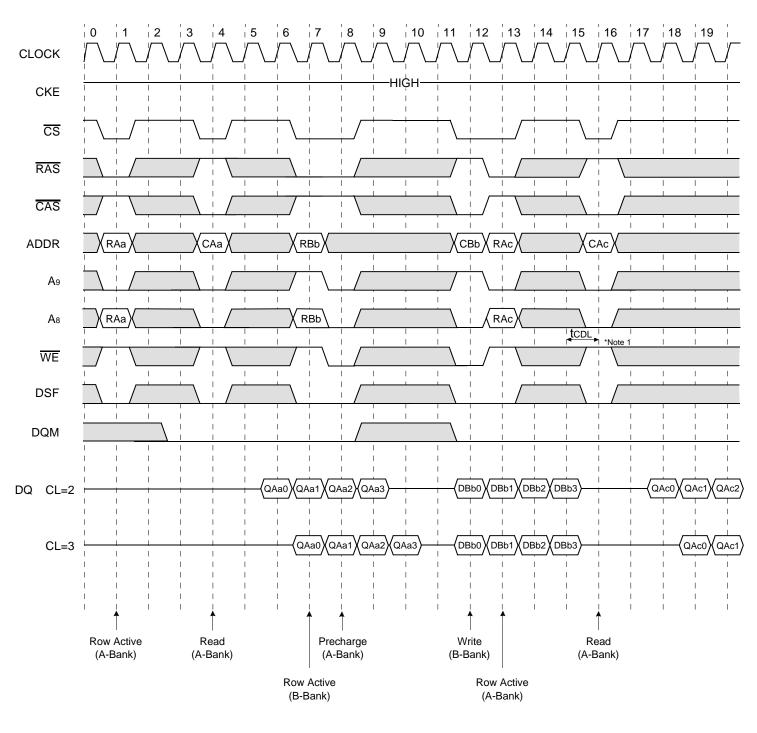
## Page Write Cycle at Different Bank @Burst Length=4



: Don't care



#### Read & Write Cycle at Different Bank @Burst Length=4

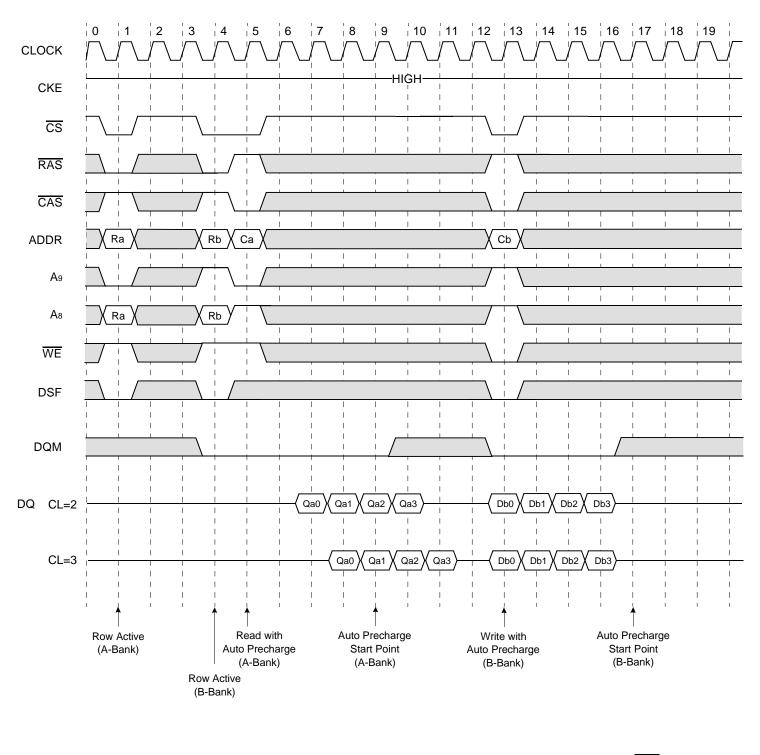


: Don't care

\*Note : 1. tCDL should be met to complete write.



## Read & Write Cycle with Auto Precharge @Burst Length=4

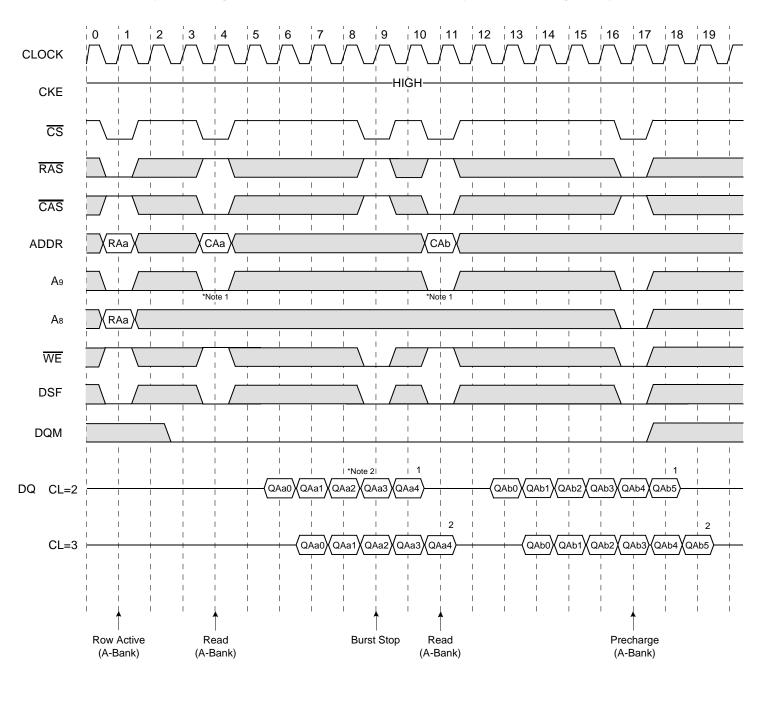


: Don't care

\*Note: 1. tRCD should be controlled to meet minimum tRAS before internal precharge start. (In the case of Burst Length=1 & 2, BRSW mode and Block write)



## Read Interrupted by Precharge Command & Read Burst Stop Cycle (@Full page Only)



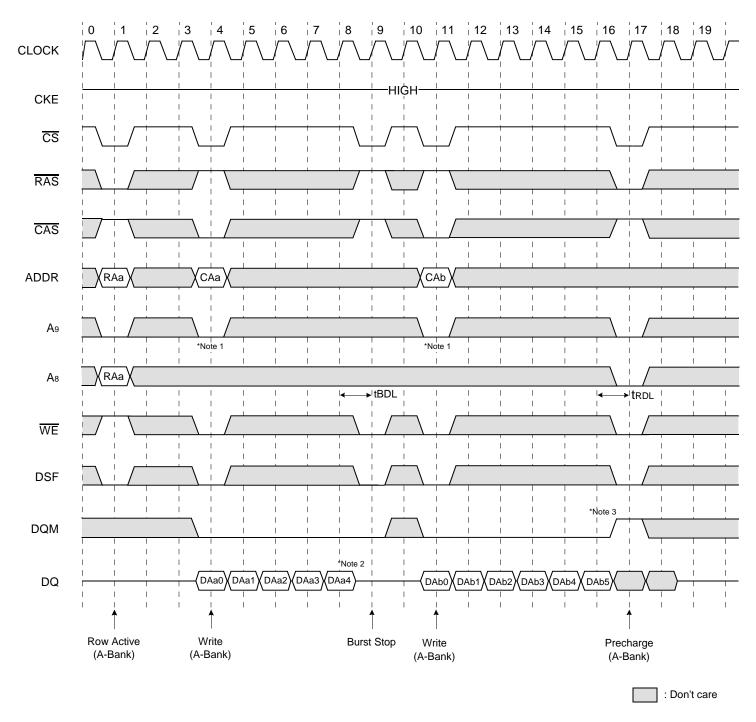
: Don't care

\*Note: 1. At full page mode, burst is wrap-around at the end of burst. So auto precharge is impossible. 2. About the valid DQ's after burst stop, it is same as the case of RAS interrupt.

- Both cases are illustrated above timing diagram. See the label 1, 2 on them.
- But at burst write, Burst stop and  $\overline{RAS}$  interrupt should be compared carefully.
- Refer the timing diagram of "Full page write burst stop cycle".
- 3. Burst stop is valid at full page mode.



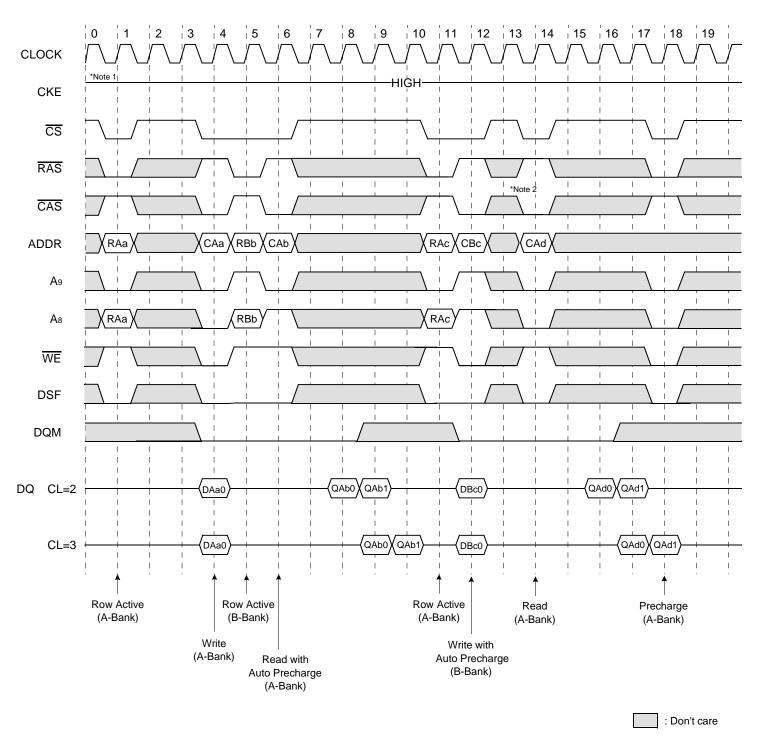
## Write Interrupted by Precharge Command & Write Burst Stop Cycle (@ Full page Only)



- \*Note: 1. At full page mode, burst is wrap-around at the end of burst. So auto precharge is impossible.
  - Data-in at the cycle of burst stop command cannot be written into the corresponding memory cell. It is defined by AC parameter of tBDL(=1CLK).
  - 3. Data-in at the cycle of interrupted by precharge cannot be written into the corresponding memory cell. It is defined by AC parameter of tRDL(=1CLK).
    - DQM at write interrupted by precharge command is needed to ensure tRDL of 1CLK.
    - DQM should mask invalid input data on precharge command cycle when asserting precharge before end of burst.
    - Input data after Row precharge cycle will be masked internally.
  - 4. Burst stop is valid only at full page burst length.



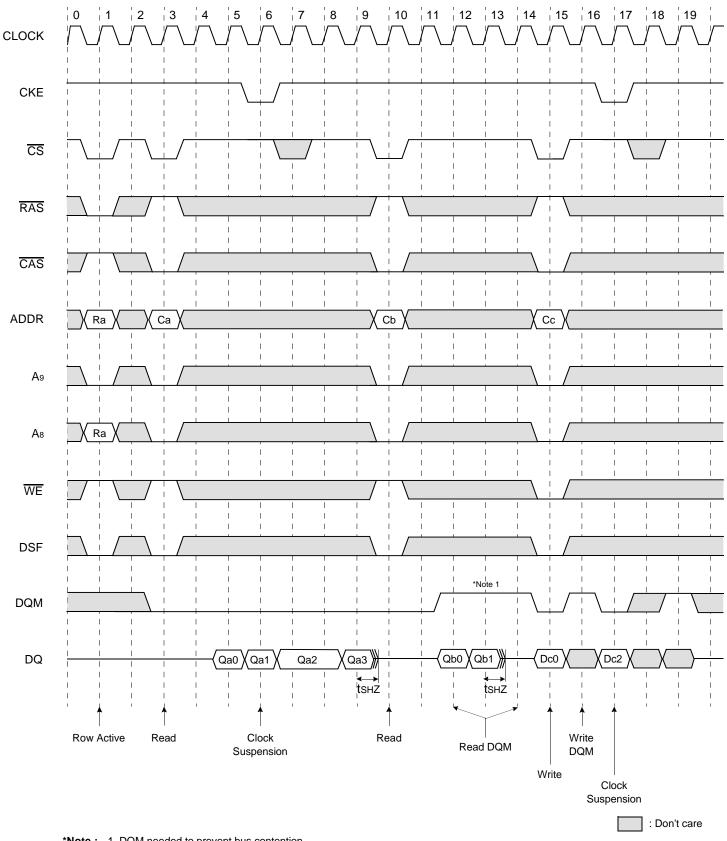
## Burst Read Single bit Write Cycle @Burst Length=2, BRSW



- - 2. When BRSW write command with auto precharge is executed, keep it in mind that tRAS should not be violated. Auto precharge is executed at the burst-end cycle, so in the case of BRSW write command, the next cycle starts the precharge.
  - 3. WPB function is also possible at BRSW mode.



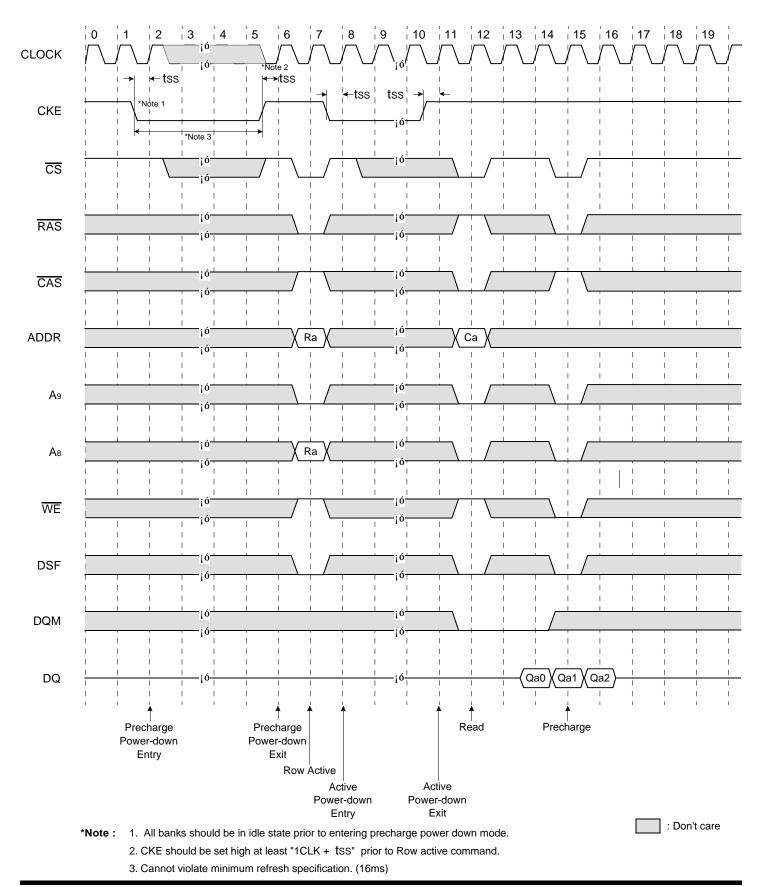
## Clock suspension & DQM operation cycle @CAS Latency=2, Burst Length=4



\*Note: 1. DQM needed to prevent bus contention.



## Active/Precharge Power Down Mode @CAS Lantency=2, Burst Length=4





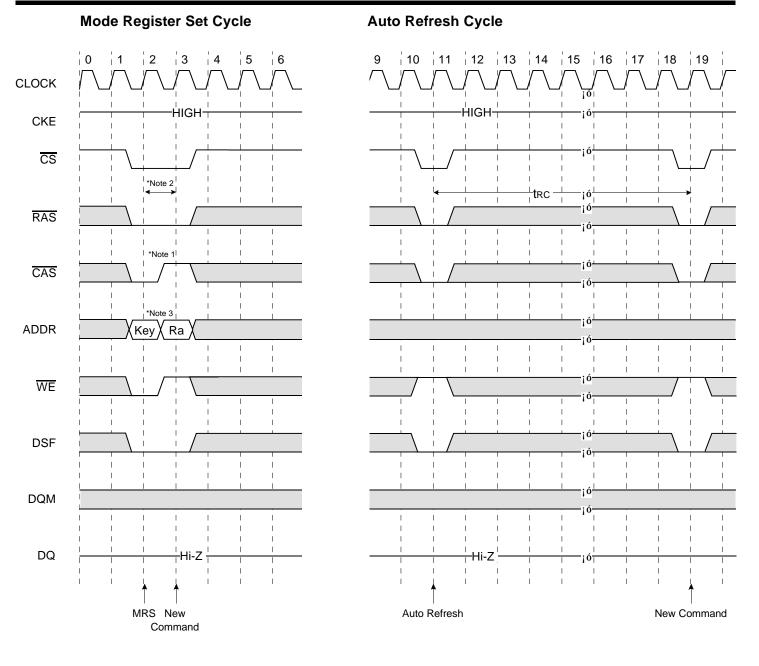
## Self Refresh Entry & Exit Cycle

CKE CS CS CS CS CS CAS CAS CAS CAS	CLOCK	0 1 2 3 4	i 5 i 6 i 7 i 8 i 6 i 6 i 6 i 6 i 7 i 8 i 6 i 1 7 i 8 i 6 i 1 7 i 8 i 6 i 1 1 i 1 i 1 i 1 i 1 i 1 i 1 i 1 i 1 i	9 10 11 12	ió′		
CS       Image: State of the state state clock cycle.         RAS       Image: State of the state state clock cycle.         ABDR       Image: State of the state clock cycle.         ABDR       Image: State of the state clock cycle.         ABDR       Image: State of the state of the state clock cycle.         ABDR       Image: State of the state state clock cycle.         ABDR       Image: State of the state state clock cycle.         ABDR       Image: State of the state state clock cycle.         ABDR       Image: State of the state clock cycle.         ABDR       Image: State of the state state clock cycle.         Image: State of the state state clock cycle.       Image: State of the state of t	CKE		     *Note 3         i∫	↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓	i i *i	Note 6	
RAS INDER 7 INDER 7	CS		ió <u>i</u> ió ió <u>i</u> iii i i i i i	 Note 5             	             		
CAS ADDR ADDR As As As As As As As As As As	RAS	I         I         I         I           I*Note 7         I         I         I	ió			           *Note 7   	
ADDR Ae Ae Ae Ae Ae Ae Ae Ae Ae Ae	CAS		•				
As As As WE DSF DGM CS, RAS & CAS with CKE should be low at the same clock cycle. 3. Stelf Refresh Entry Self Refresh Entry Self Refresh Entry Self Refresh Entry Self Refresh Entry Self Refresh Exit Auto Refresh CS, RAS & CAS with CKE should be low at the same clock cycle. 3. The device refresh mode, minimum TRAS is required before exit from self refresh. CKE starts and the same clock cycle. CKE starts "Note: To ENTER SELF REFRESH MODE: CS, RAS & CAS with CKE should be low at the same clock cycle. CKE starts "Lock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock can be dont care except for CKE. CKE starts "Lock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock cycle. CKE starts "Lock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock cycle. CKE starts "Lock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock cycle. CKE starts "Lock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock cycle. CKE starts "Lock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock cycle. CKE starts "Lock". CKE starts "Lock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock cycle. CKE starts "Lock". CKE starts "Lock".	ADDR		•		ió		
As WE DSF DSF DQM COM DQM COM Comparison Comp	A۹		•				
WE DSF DQ DQ ME C DQ DQ C C Self Refresh Entry Self Refresh Exit C Self Refresh Exit Self Refresh Exit C Self Refresh Exit Self Refresh Exit C Self Refresh Exit Self Refresh Self R	A8		i i i i i		i i i		! I I
WE DSF DQM DQM DQM DQ HI-Z Self Refresh Exit Note: TO ENTER SELF REFRESH MODE 1. CS, RAS & CAS with CKE should be low at the same clock cycle. 2. After 1 clock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock can be don't care except for CKE. 3. The device remains in self refresh mode as long as CKE stays "Low". cf.) Once the device enters self refresh mode, minimum tRAS is required before exit from self refresh.			i i i i		i i		
DSF DQM DQM DQ HI <sup>-</sup> Z Self Refresh Entry Self Refresh Entry Self Refresh Exit Auto Refresh Note: TO ENTER SELF REFRESH MODE 1. CS, RAS & CAS with CKE should be low at the same clock cycle. 2. After 1 clock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock can be don't care except for CKE. 3. The device remains in self refresh mode as long as CKE stays "Low". cf.) Once the device enters self refresh mode, minimum tRAS is required before exit from self refresh.	WE						
DQM DQ Hi-Z Self Refresh Entry Self Refresh Entry Self Refresh Exit Auto Refresh Note: TO ENTER SELF REFRESH MODE 1. $\overline{CS}$ , $\overline{RAS}$ & $\overline{CAS}$ with CKE should be low at the same clock cycle. 2. After 1 clock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock can be don't care except for CKE. 3. The device remains in self refresh mode as long as CKE stays cf.) Once the device enters self refresh mode, minimum tRAS is required before exit from self refresh.	DSF		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		,		
DQ Hi-Z Hi-Z Hi-Z Hi-Z Hi-Z Hi-Z Hi-Z Hi-Z	DQM		i i i i i		io		
<ul> <li>Self Refresh Entry</li> <li>Self Refresh Exit</li> <li>Auto Refresh</li> <li>*Note : TO ENTER SELF REFRESH MODE         <ol> <li>CS, RAS &amp; CAS with CKE should be low at the same clock cycle.</li> <li>After 1 clock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock can be don't care except for CKE.</li> <li>The device remains in self refresh mode as long as CKE stays "Low".</li> <li>Once the device enters self refresh mode, minimum tRAS is required before exit from self refresh.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>					i i i i i i i i		
*Note : TO ENTER SELF REFRESH MODE 1. CS, RAS & CAS with CKE should be low at the same clock cycle. 2. After 1 clock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock can be don't care except for CKE. 3. The device remains in self refresh mode as long as CKE stays "Low". cf.) Once the device enters self refresh mode, minimum tRAS is required before exit from self refresh.	DQ	⊢ ⊢ ⊢ ⊢ Hi-Z − ⊢ ⊢	ió i i	— , _ , _ Hi-Z <u>— , </u> ∱	;ó	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4. Svstem clock restart and be stable before returning CKE high.		*Note : TO ENTER SELF R 1. CS, RAS & CAS w 2. After 1 clock cycle 3. The device remain cf.) Once the dev TO EXIT SELF REF	vith CKE should be low at the , all the inputs including the s s in self refresh mode as lon ice enters self refresh mode RESH MODE	e same clock cycle. system clock can be don't car g as CKE stays "Low". , minimum tRAS is required b	e except for Cł	KE.	: Don't care

5. CS starts from high.

6. Minimum tRC is required after CKE going high to complete self refresh exit.
7. 1K cycle of burst auto refresh is required before self refresh entry and after self refresh exit if the system uses burst refresh.





: Don't care

\* Both banks precharge should be completed before Mode Register Set cycle and auto refresh cycle.

#### MODE REGISTER SET CYCLE

\*Note: 1. CS, RAS, CAS, & WE activation and DSF of low at the same clock cycle with address key will set internal mode register.

2. Minimum 1 clock cycles should be met before new RAS activation.

3. Please refer to Mode Register Set table.



Rev.0 (August 1997)

## FUNCTION TRUTH TABLE(TABLE 1)

IDLE         L         L         H         H         H         BA         RA         Row Active ; Latch Row Address ; IO Mask           L         L         L         H         L         L         BA         PA         NOP           L         L         L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         OP Code         Mode Register Access           L         L         L         L         OP Code         Mode Register Access           H         X         X         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         L         BA         CA,AP         Begin Read; Latch CA; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         H         X	Current State	CS	RAS	CAS	WE	DSF	ВА (А9)	ADDR	ACTION	ΝΟΤΙ
L         H         H         L         X         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         X         X         BA         RA         Row Active ; Latch Row Address ; Non-IO Mask           L         L         H         H         L         BA         RA         Row Active ; Latch Row Address ; IO Mask           L         L         H         H         L         BA         RA         Row Active ; Latch Row Address ; IO Mask           L         L         H         H         L         BA         RA         NOP           L         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         H         X         X         Auto Refresh or Self Refresh           L         L         L         L         H         POP Code         Special Mode Register Access           L         H         X         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         H		Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	NOP	
L         H         L         X         X         BA         CA         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         H         L         BA         RA         Row Active ; Latch Row Address ; Non-IO Mask           L         L         H         H         H         BA         RA         Row Active ; Latch Row Address ; IO Mask           L         L         H         H         L         BA         RA         Row Active ; Latch Row Address ; IO Mask           L         L         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         H         X         X         NOP           L         L         L         H         H         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         X         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         K         K         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L		L	н	Н	н	х	Х	Х	NOP	
IDLE         L         L         H         H         L         BA         RA         Row Active ; Latch Row Address ; Non-IO Mask           L         L         H         H         L         L         BA         PA         NOP           L         L         H         L         L         BA         PA         NOP           L         L         H         L         L         BA         PA         NOP           L         L         L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         L         OP Code         Mode Register Access           L         L         L         L         H         OP Code         Special Mode Register Access           L         H         X         X         X         NOP         NOP           L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         L         BA         CAAP         Begin Read ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         H		L	Н	н	L	х	х	х	ILLEGAL	2
IDLE         L         L         H         H         H         BA         RA         Row Active ; Latch Row Address ; IO Mask           L         L         L         H         L         H         L         BA         PA         NOP           L         L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         H         PCode         Special Mode Register Access           L         L         L         L         H         NOP         NOP           L         H         H         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         L         SA         X         NOP           L         H         L         H         BA         CAAP         Begin Write (Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         BA         CAAP         Begin Write (Latch CA ; Determine AP           L		L	Н	L	х	х	BA	CA	ILLEGAL	2
L         L         L         H         L         L         BA         PA         NOP           L         L         L         H         L         X         X         Auto Refresh OS Self Refresh           L         L         L         L         H         H         X         X         Auto Refresh OS Self Refresh           L         L         L         H         H         X         X         LLEGAL           L         L         L         H         H         X         X         X         ILEGAL           L         L         L         L         H         Y         X         X         X         X           L         H         H         X         X         X         NOP         P           L         H         H         L         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         L         H         L         BA         CAAP         Begin Read ; Lath CA ; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         BA         CAAP         Begin Write ; Lath CA ; Determine AP           L         L         H         L         L		L	L	н	н	L	BA	RA	Row Active ; Latch Row Address ; Non-IO Mask	
L         L         L         L         BA         PA         NOP           L         L         L         H         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         H         X         X         IulEGAL           L         L         L         H         H         X         X         IulEGAL           L         L         L         L         L         OP Code         Mode Register Access           L         L         L         L         H         OP Code         Special Mode Register Access           L         L         L         L         H         NOP         NOP           L         H         H         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         L         X         X         NOP           L         H         L         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         L         X         X         ILLEGAL         L           L         H         L         X         Ma         Regin Read: Lath CA: Determine AP           L         H		L	L	н	н	Н	BA	RA	Row Active ; Latch Row Address ; IO Mask	
L         L         L         X         X         Auto Refresh or Self Refresh           L         L         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         QP Code         Mode Register Access           L         L         L         L         OP Code         Special Mode Register Access           H         X         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         L         BA         CA,AP         Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         L         H         L         L         BA         CA,AP         Book Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         L         H         X         X         X         ILEGAL           L         H         L         L         BA </td <td></td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td>н</td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td>BA</td> <td>PA</td> <td>NOP</td> <td>4</td>		L	L	н	L	L	BA	PA	NOP	4
L         L         L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         L         OP Code         Mode Register Access           L         L         L         H         OP Code         Special Mode Register Access           H         X         X         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         H         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         L         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         L         X         X         NOP           L         H         L         H         L         A         A           L         H         L         H         L         BA         CA,AP         Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL         ILEGAL           L <td></td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td>н</td> <td>L</td> <td>н</td> <td>х</td> <td>х</td> <td>ILLEGAL</td> <td></td>		L	L	н	L	н	х	х	ILLEGAL	
L         L         L         L         DP Code         Mode Register Access           L         L         L         L         H         OP Code         Special Mode Register Access           H         X         X         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         H         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         L         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         L         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         L         X         X         NOP           L         H         L         H         H         X         X         NOP           L         H         L         H         H         X         X         NOP           L         H         L         L         H         K         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         L         L         BA         RA         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         X         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         H		L	L	L	н	L	х	х	Auto Refresh or Self Refresh	5
L         L         L         L         H         OP Code         Special Mode Register Access           H         X         X         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         H         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         L         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         L         X         X         NOP           L         H         L         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         L         H         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         L         BA         CA,AP         Begin Read; Latch CA; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         H         A         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         L         BA         PA         Precharge           L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         X         X           L         L         L         K         X		L	L	L	н	Н	х	х	ILLEGAL	
H         X         X         X         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         H         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         L         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         L         H         L         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         L         H         L         BA         CAAP         Begin Read; Latch CA; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         H         BA         CAAP         Begin Write; Latch CA; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         H         BA         CAAP         Block Write; Latch CA; Determine AP           L         L         H         L         L         BA         CAAP         Begin Write; Latch CA; Determine AP           L         L         H         L         L         BA         CAAP         Begin Write; Latch CA; Determine AP           L         L         H         H         X         X         X         X           L         L         L         H         X         X<		L	L	L	L	L	OP	Code	Mode Register Access	5
L         H         H         X         X         X         NOP           L         H         H         L         X         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         H         L         BA         CAAP         Begin Read ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         H         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         L         H         BA         CAAP         Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         H         BA         CAAP         Block Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         L         H         H         X         BA         RA         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         OP Code         Special Mode Register Access           H         X         X         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H		L	L	L	L	Н	OP	Code	Special Mode Register Access	6
L         H         H         L         X         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         H         L         BA         CA,AP         Begin Read ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         H         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         L         BA         CA,AP         Begin Write ;Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         H         BA         CA,AP         Begin Write ;Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         H         BA         CA,AP         Begin Write ;Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         Y         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         OP Code         Special Mode Register Access           H         X         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H		Η	х	х	х	х	х	Х	NOP	
L         H         L         H         L         BA         CA,AP         Begin Read ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         H         L         H         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         L         H         BA         CA,AP         Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         H         BA         CA,AP         Block Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         L         H         H         X         BA         RA         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         L         L         BA         PA         Precharge           L         L         H         X         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         H         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         X         X		L	Н	Н	н	х	х	Х	NOP	
L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         L         L         BA         CA,AP         Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         H         BA         CA,AP         Block Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         L         H         H         X         BA         RA         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         L         L         BA         PA         Precharge           L         L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         X         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         NOP(Continue Burst to End -> Row Active)           L         H         H         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End -> Row Active)           L         H         H         L		L	Н	Н	L	х	х	Х	ILLEGAL	2
L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         L         L         BA         CA,AP         Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         H         L         L         H         BA         CA,AP         Block Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         L         H         H         X         BA         RA         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         L         L         BA         PA         Precharge           L         L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         X         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         NOP(Continue Burst to End -> Row Active)           L         H         H         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End -> Row Active)           L         H         H         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         H         X         X		L	Н	L	н	L	BA	CA,AP	Begin Read ; Latch CA ; Determine AP	
How Active         L         H         L         L         H         BA         CA,AP         Block Write ;Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         L         L         H         H         X         BA         RA         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         L         L         BA         PA         Precharge           L         L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         H         Y         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         H         OP Code         Special Mode Register Access           H         X         X         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         L         L         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         L         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         H         L         L         X		L	Н	L	н	н	х	х		
How Active         L         H         L         L         H         BA         CA,AP         Block Write ;Latch CA ; Determine AP           L         L         L         H         H         X         BA         RA         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         L         L         BA         PA         Precharge           L         L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         H         Y         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         H         OP Code         Special Mode Register Access           H         X         X         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         L         L         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         L         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         H         L         L         X		L	Н	L				CA,AP		
L         L         H         H         X         BA         RA         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         L         L         BA         PA         Precharge           L         L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         H         X         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         H         Y         X         X           L         H         L         L         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         L         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         H		L	Н	L	L	Н	BA			
L         L         H         L         BA         PA         Precharge           L         L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         H         OP Code         Special Mode Register Access           H         X         X         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         H         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         L         L         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         L         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         H         L         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         H         L         BA         CA,AP         Term burst ; Begin Read ; Latch CA ; Determine </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>н</td> <td>н</td> <td></td> <td>BA</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td>				н	н		BA			2
L         L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         L         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         L         L         L         H         OP Code         Special Mode Register Access           H         X         X         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         H         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         L         L         X         X         Term burst> Row active           L         H         H         L         L         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         L         BA         CA,AP         Term burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>L</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td>			L					1		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$										
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			L							
L       L       L       H       OP Code       Special Mode Register Access         H       X       X       X       X       X       NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)         L       H       H       H       X       X       X       NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)         L       H       H       L       L       X       X       NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)         L       H       H       L       L       X       X       Term burst> Row active         L       H       H       L       L       X       X       Term burst ; Begin Read ; Latch CA ; Determine         L       H       L       H       H       X       X       ILLEGAL         L       H       L       L       BA       CA,AP       Term burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine         L       H       L       L       BA       CA,AP       Term burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; Determine         L       L       H       H       X       BA       RA       ILLEGAL         L       H       L       L       BA       PA       Term Burst ; Precharge timing for Reads         L       L										
H         X         X         X         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         H         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         L         L         X         X         Term burst> Row active           L         H         H         L         L         X         X         Term burst> Row active           L         H         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         H         X         X         ILLEGAL           L         H         L         L         BA         CA,AP         Term burst ; Begin Read ; Latch CA ; Determine           L         H         L         L         BA         CA,AP         Term burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine           L         H         L         L         H         BA         CA,AP         Term burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; Determine           L         H         L         L         BA         RA         ILLEGAL           L         L         H         X         X						1				6
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$										
LHHLLXXTerm burst> Row activeLHHLHXXILLEGALLHLHLBACA,APTerm burst ; Begin Read ; Latch CA ; DetermineLHLHHXXILLEGALLHLLLBACA,APTerm burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLHLLLBACA,APTerm burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLHLLHBACA,APTerm burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLLHHXBARAILLEGALLLHHXXILLEGALLLHLHXXHXXXXNOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)LHHHXXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHH <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>										
LHHLHXXILLEGALLHLHLBACA,APTerm burst ; Begin Read ; Latch CA ; DetermineLHLHHXXILLEGALLHLLLBACA,APTerm burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLHLLLBACA,APTerm burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLHLLHBACA,APTerm burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLHLLHBACA,APTerm burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLLHHXBARAILLEGALLLHHXXILLEGALLLHLHXXLLLXXXLHHXXXLHHXXXLHHXXXLHHHXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXXLHHLXX<									· · · · · ·	
ReadLHLHLBACA,APTerm burst ; Begin Read ; Latch CA ; DetermineLHLHHXXILLEGALLHLLLBACA,APTerm burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLHLLLBACA,APTerm burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLHLLHBACA,APTerm burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLHLLHBACA.APTerm burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLLHHXBARAILLEGALLLHLLBAPATerm Burst ; Precharge timing for ReadsLLHLHXXILLEGALLLLXXXILLEGALLHHXXXNOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)LHHHXXXNOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)LHHLLXXTerm burst> Row active										
ReadLHLHHXXILLEGALLHLLLBACA,APTerm burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLHLLHBACA,APTerm burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLHLLHBACA,APTerm burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; DetermineLLHHXBARAILLEGALLLHLHXXILLEGALLLHLHXXILLEGALLLLXXXXILLEGALLHHXXXNOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)LHHHXXXTerm burst> Row activeLHHLLXXTerm burst> Row active										3
L       H       L       L       L       BA       CA,AP       Term burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine         L       H       L       L       H       BA       CA,AP       Term burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine         L       H       L       L       H       BA       CA,AP       Term burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; Determine         L       L       H       H       X       BA       RA       ILLEGAL         L       L       H       L       L       BA       PA       Term Burst ; Precharge timing for Reads         L       L       H       L       H       X       X       ILLEGAL         L       L       L       H       X       X       X       ILLEGAL         L       L       L       X       X       X       NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)         L       H       H       H       X       X       NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)         L       H       H       L       X       X       Term burst> Row active										
L       H       L       L       H       BA       CA.AP       Term burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; Determine         L       L       H       H       X       BA       RA       ILLEGAL         L       L       H       L       L       BA       PA       Term Burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; Determine         L       L       H       H       X       BA       PA       Term Burst ; Precharge timing for Reads         L       L       H       L       L       BA       PA       Term Burst ; Precharge timing for Reads         L       L       H       L       H       X       X       ILLEGAL         L       L       L       X       X       X       ILLEGAL         H       X       X       X       X       NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)         L       H       H       X       X       X       NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)         L       H       H       L       X       X       Term burst> Row active	Read									3
L       L       H       H       X       BA       RA       ILLEGAL         L       L       H       L       L       BA       PA       Term Burst ; Precharge timing for Reads         L       L       H       L       H       X       X       ILLEGAL         L       L       H       L       H       X       X       ILLEGAL         L       L       L       X       X       X       NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)         L       H       H       H       X       X       NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)         L       H       H       L       X       X       Term burst> Row active										3
L       L       H       L       L       BA       PA       Term Burst ; Precharge timing for Reads         L       L       H       L       H       X       X       ILLEGAL         L       L       L       X       X       X       ILLEGAL         H       X       X       X       X       ILLEGAL         H       X       X       X       X       NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)         L       H       H       X       X       X       NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)         L       H       H       L       L       X       X       Term burst> Row active	F		1							2
L     L     H     L     H     X     X       L     L     L     H     X     X     ILLEGAL       L     L     L     X     X     X     ILLEGAL       H     X     X     X     X     X     NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)       L     H     H     H     X     X     X     NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)       L     H     H     L     X     X     Term burst> Row active		 								3
L         L         L         X         X         X         X         ILLEGAL           H         X         X         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         H         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         L         L         X         Term burst> Row active										5
HXXXXXNOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)LHHHXXNOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)LHHLLXXTerm burst> Row active										
L         H         H         X         X         X         NOP(Continue Burst to End> Row Active)           L         H         H         L         L         X         Term burst> Row active										
L H H L L X X Term burst> Row active										
										+
	F	L								
Write L H H L H X X ILLEGAL	Write	 ,								-
									Term burst ; Begin Read ; Latch CA ; Determine AP	3
L H L H H X X ILLEGAL	F									-
						1			Term burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP Term burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP	3



## FUNCTION TRUTH TABLE(TABLE 1, Continued)

Current State	CS	RAS	CAS	WE	DSF	ВА (А9)	ADDR	ACTION	NOT
	L	L	н	Н	х	BA	RA	ILLEGAL	2
Write	L	L	н	L	L	BA	PA	Term Burst : Precharge timing for Writes	3
White	L	L	н	L	н	х	х	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	L	х	х	х	х	ILLEGAL	
	Н	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	NOP(Continue Burst to End> Precharge)	
	L	н	н	н	Х	Х	х	NOP(Continue Burst to End> Precharge)	
Read with	L	н	н	L	Х	Х	х	ILLEGAL	
Auto	L	н	L	н	Х	BA	CA,AP	ILLEGAL	2
Precharge	L	н	L	L	х	BA	CA,AP	ILLEGAL	2
	L	L	н	Х	х	BA	RA,PA	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	L	х	х	х	х	ILLEGAL	2
	Н	х	х	х	х	х	х	NOP(Continue Burst to End> Precharge)	
	L	н	н	н	х	х	х	NOP(Continue Burst to End> Precharge)	
Write with	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Х	х	ILLEGAL	
Auto	L	н	L	н	х	BA	CA,AP	ILLEGAL	2
Precharge	L	н	L	L	х	BA	CA,AP	ILLEGAL	2
	L	L	н	х	х	BA	RA,PA	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	L	х	х	х	Х	ILLEGAL	2
	Н	х	х	х	х	х	Х	NOP> Idle after tRP	
	L	Н	Н	Н	х	х	Х	NOP> Idle after trp	
	L	Н	Н	L	х	х	Х	ILLEGAL	
Precharging	L	Н	L	х	х	BA	CA,AP	ILLEGAL	2
	L	L	н	н	х	BA	RA	ILLEGAL	2
	L	L	Н	L	х	BA	PA	NOP> Idle after trp	2
	L	L	L	х	х	х	Х	ILLEGAL	4
	н	х	х	х	х	х	х	NOP> Row Active after tBWC	
	L	Н	Н	Н	х	х	Х	NOP> Row Active after tBWC	
Block	L	Н	Н	L	х	х	Х	ILLEGAL	
Write	L	н	L	х	Х	BA	CA,AP	ILLEGAL	2
Recovering	L	L	Н	Н	Х	BA	RA	ILLEGAL	2
	L	L	Н	L	Х	BA	PA	Term Block Write : Precharge timing for Block Write	2
	L	L	L	Х	Х	Х	х	ILLEGAL	2
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	NOP> Row Active after tRCD	
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	х	NOP> Row Active after tRCD	
Bow	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Х	х	ILLEGAL	
Row Activating	L	Н	L	Х	Х	BA	CA,AP	ILLEGAL	2
. iour durig	L	L	Н	Н	Х	BA	RA	ILLEGAL	2
	L	L	Н	L	Х	BA	PA	ILLEGAL	2
	L	L	L	Х	Х	Х	х	ILLEGAL	2
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	NOP> Idle after tRC	
	L	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	х	NOP> Idle after tRC	
Refreshing	L	Н	L	Х	Х	Х	х	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	L	Х	Х	Х	х	ILLEGAL	



## FUNCTION TRUTH TABLE (TABLE 1, Continued)

#### ABBREVIATIONS :

RA = Row Address(A<sub>0</sub>~A<sub>8</sub>) NOP = No Operation Command BA = Bank Address(A 9) CA = Column Address(A 0~A7) PA = Precharge All(A 8) AP = Auto Precharge(A 8)

\*Note: 1. All entries assume that CKE was active(High) during the preceding clock cycle and the current clock cycle.

2. Illegal to bank in specified state ; Function may be legal in the bank indicated by BA, depending on the state of that bank.

3. Must satisfy bus contention, bus turn around, and/or write recovery requirements.

4. NOP to bank precharging or in idle state. May precharge bank indicated by BA(and PA).

5. Illegal if any banks is not idle.

6. Legal only if all banks are in idle or row active state.

Current State	CKE n-1	CKE n	<del>CS</del>	RAS	CAS	WE	DSF	ADDR	ACTION	NOTE
	Н	х	Х	х	х	х	х	Х	INVALID	
	L	Н	Н	х	х	х	х	Х	Exit Self Refresh> ABI after trc	7
Self	L	Н	L	н	н	Н	х	Х	Exit Self Refresh> ABI after trc	7
Refresh	L	Н	L	н	н	L	х	Х	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	L	н	L	х	х	Х	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	L	L	х	х	х	Х	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	х	х	х	х	х	Х	NOP(Maintain Self Refresh)	
	Н	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	INVALID	
Both	L	Н	Н	х	х	х	х	Х	Exit Power Down> ABI	8
Bank	L	Н	L	н	н	Н	х	Х	Exit Power Down> ABI	8
Precharge	L	Н	L	н	н	L	х	Х	ILLEGAL	
Power Down	L	Н	L	н	L	х	х	Х	ILLEGAL	
Down	L	н	L	L	х	х	х	Х	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	NOP(Maintain Power Down Mode)	
	н	Н	х	х	х	х	х	Х	Refer to Table 1	
	Н	L	Н	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Enter Power Down	9
	Н	L	L	н	н	Н	Х	Х	Enter Power Down	9
All	Н	L	L	н	н	L	Х	Х	ILLEGAL	
Banks	Н	L	L	н	L	х	Х	Х	ILLEGAL	
Idle	Н	L	L	L	н	х	Х	Х	ILLEGAL	
	Н	L	L	L	L	Н	L	Х	Enter Self Refresh	9
	Н	L	L	L	L	L	х	Х	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	х	х	х	х	х	Х	NOP	
Any State	Н	н	Х	х	х	х	х	Х	Refer to Operations in Table 1	
other than	Н	L	Х	х	х	х	х	Х	Begin Clock Suspend next cycle	10
Listed Above	L	н	Х	х	х	х	х	Х	Exit Clock Suspend next cycle	10
ADOVE	L	L	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Maintain clock Suspend	

## FUNCTION TRUTH TABLE for CKE(TABLE 2)

ABBREVIATIONS : ABI = All Banks Idle

\*Note : 7. After CKE's low to high transition to exist self refresh mode. And a time of trac(min) has to be elapse after CKE's low to high transition to issue a new command.

8. CKE low to high transition is asynchronous as if restarts internal clock.

A minimum setup time "tss + one clock" must be satisfied before any command other than exit.

9. Power-down and self refresh can be entered only from the all banks idle state.

10. Must be a legal command.



# KM4132G271A

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

**Dimensions in Millimeters** 

